

# Installation Manual

NORITZ AMERICA  
CORPORATION

## CONDENSING TANKLESS GAS WATER HEATER

NCC1991-DV (Indoor Installation)

Potential dangers from accidents during installation and use are divided into the following three categories. Closely observe these warnings, they are critical to your safety.



### DANGER

DANGER indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



### WARNING

WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



### CAUTION

CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.

**WARNING:** If the information in this manual is not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or death.



Prohibited



Disconnect  
Power



Ground



Be sure to do



## CAUTION

### Requests to Installers

- In order to use the water heater safely, read this installation manual carefully, and follow the installation instructions.
- Failures and damage caused by erroneous work or work not as instructed in this manual are not covered by the warranty.
- Check that the installation was done properly in accordance with this Installation Manual upon completion.
- After completing installation, please either place this Installation Manual in a plastic pouch and attach it to the side of the water heater (or the inside of the pipe cover or recess box if applicable), or hand it to the customer to retain for future reference. Also, be sure to fill in all of the required items on the warranty and to hand the warranty to the customer along with the Owner's Guide.



Low NOx  
Approved by  
SCAQMD  
14 ng/J or 20 ppm  
(Natural Gas Only)

FOR USE IN COMMERCIAL APPLICATIONS.

Installation must conform with local codes, or in the absence of local codes, the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54- latest edition and/or CSA B149.1, Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code (NSCNGPIC).

Noritz America reserves the right to discontinue, or change at any time, the designs and/or specifications of its products without notice.

\*ENERGY STAR® applies when used in a combination potable water heating and space heating system.

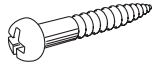
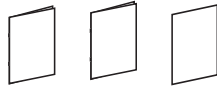
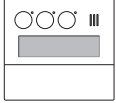


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Rev. 03/13



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
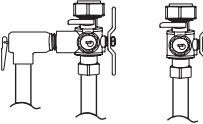
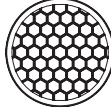
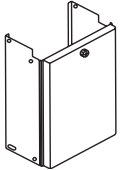

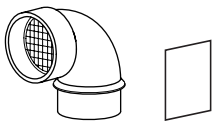
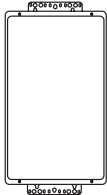
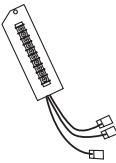
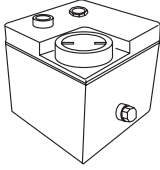

# 1. Included Accessories

The following accessories are included with the unit. Check for any missing items before starting installation.

Part	Shape	Q'ty	Part	Shape	Q'ty
Anchoring Screw		5	Owner's Guide, Warranty, Installation Manual (this document)		1 each
Remote Controller (See p. 29)		1	Remote Controller Cord (6ft (2m))		1
Drain hose (With clamp)		1			

# 2. Optional Accessories

The accessories listed below are not included with the units, but may be necessary for installation.

Part	Shape	Q'ty	Part	Shape	Q'ty
Quick Connect Cord (QC-2)		1	Remote Controller Cord (26ft (8m))		1
3" (75mm) PVC Terminal VK3-H-PVC		1	Bird Screen for 3" (75mm) PVC VT3-PVCS		2
Isolation Valves (includes pressure relief valve)		1 each	Bird Screen for 4" (100mm) PVC VT4-PVCS		2
Pipe Cover (PC-3S-SUS)		1	3" (75mm) / 4" (100mm) Horizontal Hood Termination PVT-HL		2
SV Conversion Kit (#SV-CK-3) (•90° Elbow (With Inlet Screen) •Installation Manual (Check List)		1 each	System Controller Unit (SCU-301-12M)		1
System Controller (SC-301-6M)		1	Neutralizer (NT20A) (For up to 16 water heaters)		1
Neutralizer (NC-1) (For 1 water heater)		1			

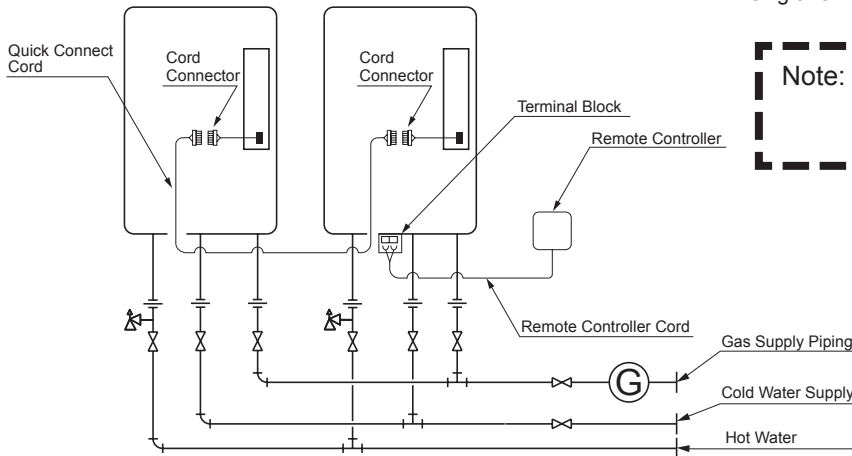
Note: Additional vent pieces are available; consult the latest product catalogue for details.

# 3. Quick Connect Multi System Installation

- The Quick Connect Multi System allows the installation of two units together utilizing only the Quick Connect Cord.

The Quick Connect Cord is 6 ft.(2m) long. Install the units 6-18" (150 - 457mm) apart from each other to ensure the cord will be able to reach between the units. (See Typical Plumbing diagram). (If the distance between the two units is too great, not only will the cord not be able to reach, but the water temperature may also become unstable because of the difference in pipe length between the two units).

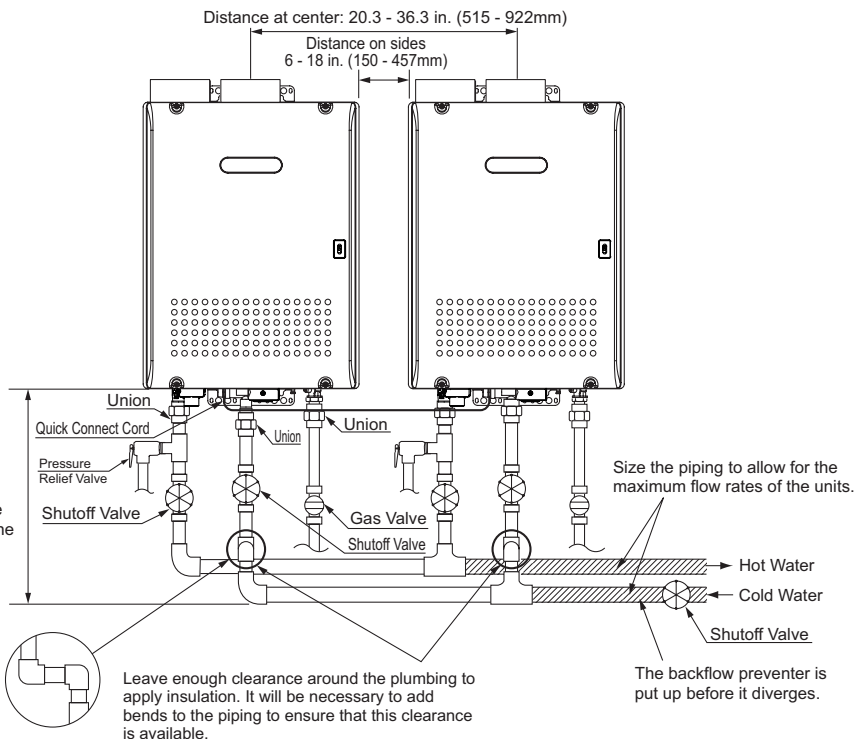
## System Diagram



\* When connecting two units, use only a single remote controller.

Note: Connect the remote controller to only one of the units.

## Typical Plumbing



Make this distance as short as possible.  
\* The hot water temperature will become unstable as the pipe length increases.

- Insulate the hot water piping to prevent heat loss. Insulate and apply heating materials to the cold water supply piping to prevent heat loss and freezing of pipes when exposed to excessively cold temperatures.

# 4. Before Installation

## DANGER

### Checkup

- Check the fixing brackets and vent pipe yearly for damage or wear. Replace if necessary.

## WARNING

### Precautions on Vent Pipe Replacement

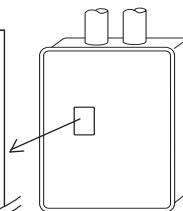
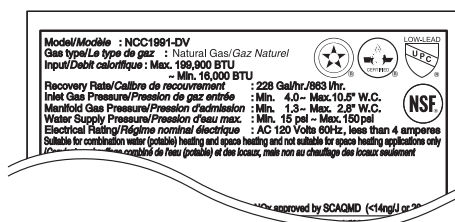
- The vent system will almost certainly need to be replaced when this appliance is being installed. Only use vent materials that are specified in this Installation Manual for use on this appliance. Refer to the "Vent Pipe Installation" section for details. If PVC, CPVC, or Category IV listed pipe is already installed, check for punctures, cracks, or blockages and consult with the vent pipe manufacturer before reusing. Improper venting may result in fires, property damage or exposure to Carbon Monoxide.

### Snow Precaution

- If this product will be installed in an area where snow is known to accumulate, protect the vent termination from blockage by snow drifts or damage from snow falling off of roofs.

### Check the Gas

- Check that the rating plate indicates the correct type of gas.
- Check that the gas supply line is sized for 199,900 Btu/h.



### Check the Power

- The power supply required is 120VAC, at 60Hz. Using the incorrect voltage may result in fire or electric shock.

### Use Extreme Caution if Using With a Solar Pre-Heater

- Using this unit with a solar pre-heater can lead to unpredictable output temperatures and possibly scalding. If absolutely necessary, use mixing valves to ensure output temperatures do not get to scalding levels. Do not use a solar pre-heater with the quick-connect multi-system.

## CAUTION

### Do Not Use Equipment for Purposes Other Than Those Specified

- Do not use for other than increasing the temperature of the water supply, as unexpected accidents may occur as a result.

### Check Water Supply Quality

- If the water supply is in excess of 12 grains per gallon (200 mg/L) of hardness, acidic or otherwise impure, treat the water with approved methods in order to ensure full warranty coverage.

# 5. Choosing Installation Site

\* Locate the appliance in an area where leakage from the unit or connections will not result in damage to the area adjacent to the appliance or to the lower floors of the structure. When such locations cannot be avoided, it is recommended that a suitable drain pan, adequately drained, be installed under the appliance. The pan must not restrict combustion air flow.

## DANGER

- Locate the vent terminal so that there are no obstacles around the termination and so that exhaust can't accumulate. Do not enclose the termination with corrugated metal or other materials.

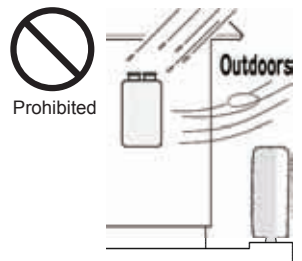
## WARNING

- Avoid places where fires are common, such as those where gasoline, benzene and adhesives are handled, or places in which corrosive gases (ammonia, chlorine, sulfur, ethylene compounds, acids) are present.  
Using the incorrect voltage may result in fire or cracking.
- Avoid installation in places where dust or debris will accumulate.  
Dust may block the air-supply opening, causing the performance of the device fan to drop and incomplete combustion to occur as a result.
- Avoid installation in places where special chemical agents (e.g., hair spray or spray detergent) are used.  
Ignition failures and malfunction may occur as a result.
- Carbon Monoxide Poisoning Hazard. Do not install this water heater in a mobile home, recreational vehicle or on a boat.



## CAUTION

- The water heater is designed for indoor installation only. Never install it outdoors or in a bathroom, it may be damaged or a fire may be caused.
- Consult with the customer concerning the location of installation.
- Install the water heater in an area that allows for the proper clearances to combustible and noncombustible construction. Consult the rating plate on the appliance for proper clearances.
- Do not install the water heater in a place where it may be threatened by falling objects, such as under shelves.
- The water heater must be installed in a place where supply and exhaust pipes can be installed as directed.
- Do not install the water heater where the exhaust will blow on outer walls or material not resistant to heat. Also consider the surrounding trees and animals.



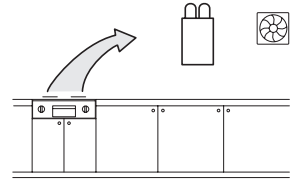
The heat and moisture from the water heater may cause discoloration of walls and resinous materials, or corrosion of aluminum materials.

## CAUTION

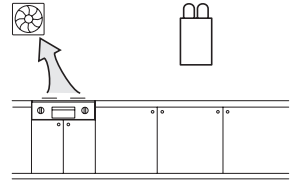
- Avoid installation above gas ranges or stoves.
- Avoid installation between the kitchen fan and stove. If oily fumes or a large amount of steam are present in the installation location, take measures to prevent the fumes and steam from entering in the equipment.
- Install in a location where the exhaust gas flow will not be affected by fans or range hoods.
- Take care that noise and exhaust gas will not affect neighbors. Avoid installation on common walls as the unit will make some operational noises while it is running.
- Before installing, make sure that the exhaust flue termination will have the proper clearances according to the National Fuel Gas Code (ANSI Z223.1).



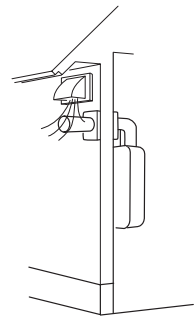
Prohibited



Be sure to do



Prohibited



State of California: The water heater must be braced, anchored or strapped to avoid moving during an earthquake. Contact local utilities for code requirements in your area or call: 1-866-766-7489 and request instructions.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts: The water heater can be used for hot water only and not in a combination of domestic and space heating.

For Venting Manufacturers Requirements, see websites or phone numbers listed below:

Noritz N-Vent

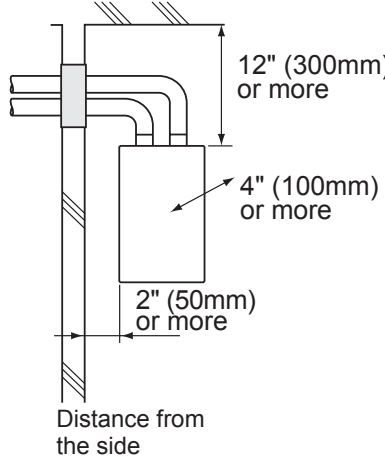
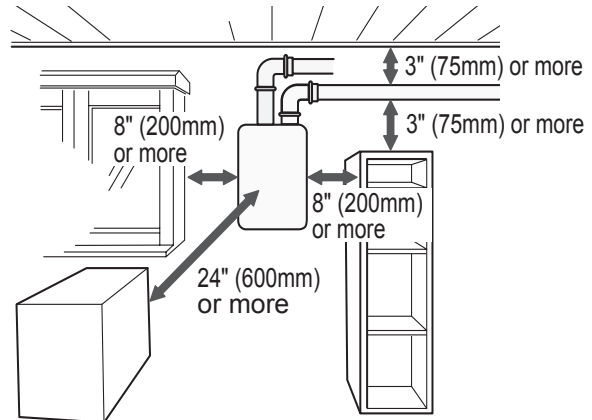
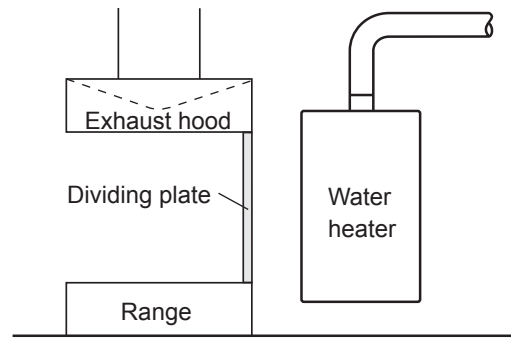
[www.noritz.com](http://www.noritz.com)

# 6. Installation Clearances

## WARNING

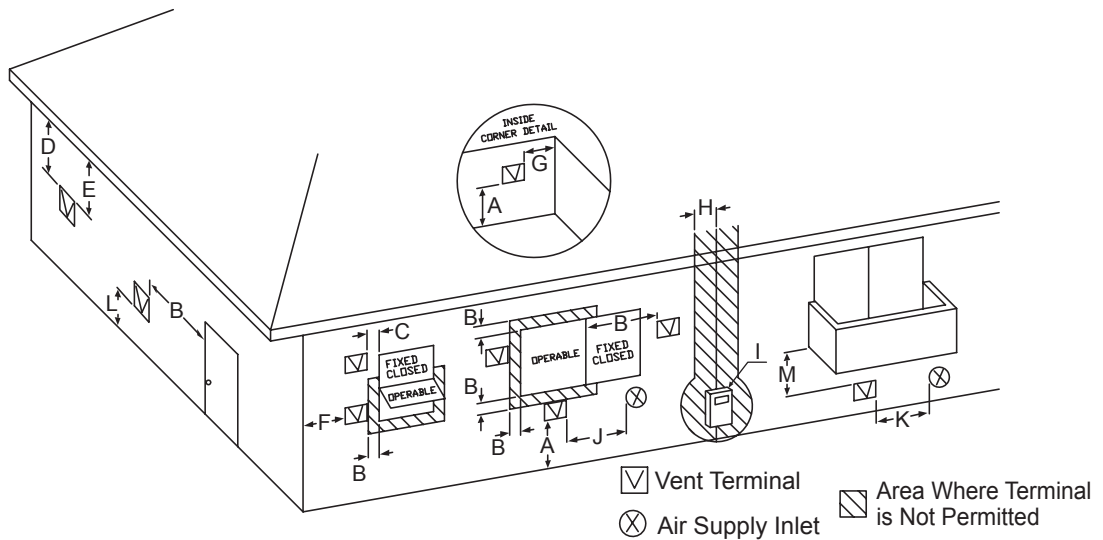
Before installing, check for the following:

Install in accordance with relevant building and mechanical codes, as well as any local, state or national regulations, or in the absence of local and state codes, to the National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 – latest edition. In Canada, see NSCNPIC for detailed requirements.

Item	Check	Illustration
Distance from combustibles	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Maintain the following clearances from both combustible and non-combustible materials.</li> </ul>	
Securing of space for repair/inspection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If possible, leave 8" (200mm) or more on either side of the unit to facilitate inspection.</li> <li>If possible, leave 24" (600mm) or more in front of the unit to facilitate maintenance and service if necessary.</li> <li>If possible, leave 3" (75mm) or more above and below the vent pipe to facilitate inspection and repair if necessary</li> </ul>	
Cooking Equipment	<p>&lt;When the indoor air supply&gt;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If the unit will be installed in the vicinity of a permanent kitchen range or stove that has the possibility of generating steam that contains fats or oils, use a dividing plate or other measure to ensure that the unit is not exposed to air containing such impurities.</li> </ul> <p>* The dividing plate should be of noncombustible material of a width greater than the water heater.</p>	

# Clearance Requirements from Vent Terminations to Building Openings <When supplying combustion air from the outdoors (Direct Vent)>

\* All clearance requirements are in accordance with ANSI Z21.10.3 and the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1 and in Canada, in accordance with NSCSGPIIC.



Ref	Description	Canadian Direct Vent Installations <sup>1</sup>	US Direct Vent Installations <sup>2</sup>
A=	Clearance above grade, veranda, porch, deck, or balcony	12 in (30 cm)	12 in (30 cm)
B=	Clearance to window or door that may be opened	36 in (91 cm)	12 in (30 cm)
C=	Clearance to permanently closed window	*	*
D=	Vertical clearance to ventilated soffit located above the terminal within a horizontal distance of 2 feet (61 cm) from the center line of the terminal	*	*
E=	Clearance to unventilated soffit	*	*
F=	Clearance to outside corner	*	*
G=	Clearance to inside corner	*	*
H=	Clearance to each side of center line extended above meter/regulator assembly	3 ft (91 cm) within a height 15 ft (4.5 m) above the meter/regulator assembly	*
I=	Clearance to service regulator vent outlet	3 ft (91 cm)	*
J=	Clearance to nonmechanical air supply inlet to building or the combustion air inlet to any other appliance	36 in (91 cm)	12 in (30 cm)
K=	Clearance to a mechanical air supply inlet	6 ft (1.83 m)	3 ft (91 cm) above if within 10 ft (3 m) horizontally
L=	Clearance above paved sidewalk or paved driveway located on public property	7 ft (2.13 m)†	*
M=	Clearance under veranda, porch, deck, or balcony	12 in (30 cm)‡	*

<sup>1</sup> In accordance with the current CSA B149.1 Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code

<sup>2</sup> In accordance with the current ANSI Z223.1 / NFPA 54 National Fuel Gas Code

† A vent shall not terminate directly above a sidewalk or paved driveway that is located between two single family dwellings and serves both dwellings.

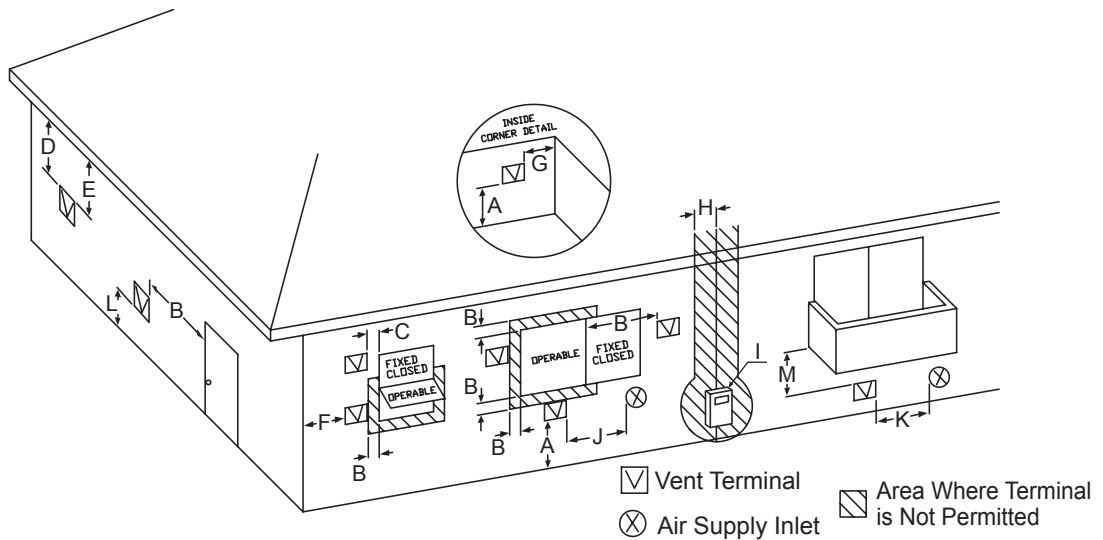
‡ Permitted only if veranda, porch, deck, or balcony is fully open on a minimum of two sides beneath the floor.

\* Clearance in accordance with local installation codes and the requirements of the gas supplier. Clearance to opposite wall is 24 inches (60 cm).



# Clearance Requirements from Vent Terminations to Building Openings <When supplying combustion air from the indoors (Non-Direct Vent)>

\* All clearance requirements are in accordance with ANSI Z21.10.3 and the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1 and in Canada, in accordance with NSCSGPIIC.



Ref	Description	Canadian Non-Direct Vent Installations <sup>1</sup>	US Non-Direct Vent Installations <sup>2</sup>
A=	Clearance above grade, veranda, porch, deck, or balcony	12 in (30 cm)	12 in (30 cm)
B=	Clearance to window or door that may be opened	36 in (91 cm)	4 ft (1.2 m) below or to side of opening; 1 ft (30 cm) above opening
C=	Clearance to permanently closed window	*	*
D=	Vertical clearance to ventilated soffit located above the terminal within a horizontal distance of 2 feet (61 cm) from the center line of the terminal	*	*
E=	Clearance to unventilated soffit	*	*
F=	Clearance to outside corner	*	*
G=	Clearance to inside corner	*	*
H=	Clearance to each side of center line extended above meter/regulator assembly	3 ft (91 cm) within a height 15 ft (4.5 m) above the meter/regulator assembly	*
I=	Clearance to service regulator vent outlet	3 ft (91 cm)	*
J=	Clearance to nonmechanical air supply inlet to building or the combustion air inlet to any other appliance	36 in (91 cm)	4 ft (1.2 m) below or to side of opening; 1 ft (30 cm) above opening
K=	Clearance to a mechanical air supply inlet	6 ft (1.83 m)	3 ft (91 cm) above if within 10 ft (3 m) horizontally
L=	Clearance above paved sidewalk or paved driveway located on public property	7 ft (2.13 m)†	*
M=	Clearance under veranda, porch, deck, or balcony	12 in (30 cm)‡	*

<sup>1</sup> In accordance with the current CSA B149.1 Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code

<sup>2</sup> In accordance with the current ANSI Z223.1 / NFPA 54 National Fuel Gas Code

† A vent shall not terminate directly above a sidewalk or paved driveway that is located between two single family dwellings and serves both dwellings.

‡ Permitted only if veranda, porch, deck, or balcony is fully open on a minimum of two sides beneath the floor.

\* Clearance in accordance with local installation codes and the requirements of the gas supplier. Clearance to opposite wall is 24 inches (60 cm).

# 7. Installation

## Securing to the wall



- The weight of the device will be applied to the wall. If the strength of the wall is not sufficient, reinforcement must be done to prevent the transfer of vibration.
- Do not drop or apply unnecessary force to the device when installing. Internal parts may be damaged and may become highly dangerous.
- Install the unit on a vertical wall and ensure that it is level.

Item	Check	Illustration															
Locating Screw Holes	<div style="border: 2px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;"> <b>CAUTION</b> </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• When installing with bare hands, take caution to not inflict injury.</li> <li>• Be careful not to hit electrical wiring, gas, or water piping while drilling holes.</li> </ul> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Drill a single screw hole, making sure to hit a stud.</li> <li>2. Insert and tighten the screw and hang the unit by the upper wall mounting bracket.</li> <li>3. Determine the positions for the remaining four screws (two for the top bracket and two for the bottom), and remove the unit.</li> </ol>	<p style="text-align: center;">Location of Screw Hole</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Locating Screw Holes</p>															
Mounting	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>4. Drill holes for the remaining four screws.</li> <li>5. Hang the unit again by the first screw, and then insert and tighten the remaining four screws.</li> <li>6. Take waterproofing measures so that water does not enter the building from screws mounting the device.</li> </ol>	<p style="text-align: center;">Anchoring Screw</p>															
Structure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Make sure the unit is installed securely so that it will not fall or move due to vibrations or earthquakes.</li> </ul>																
Installations at Elevations Above 2,000 ft.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adjust the dip switches as illustrated in the table to the right if this water heater is installed at an altitude of 2000 ft. (610m) or higher.</li> <li>• Disconnect power to the water heater before changing the dip switches. Failure to perform this step will result in a "73" code displayed on the remote controller and a cease in operation. If this occurs, disconnect, then reconnect power to the water heater to reset the system.</li> </ul> <p>Note : Please refer to page 29 for the location of the dip switch bank.</p>	<p>* Do not change any other dipswitches.</p> <p>* High elevation adjustment.</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>5</th> <th>6</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0 - 2,000 ft (0 - 610m)</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="radio"/></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="radio"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2,001 - 4,000 ft (611 - 1,220m)</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input checked="" type="radio"/></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="radio"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>4,001 - 6,000 ft (1,221 - 1,830m)</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="radio"/></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input checked="" type="radio"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>6,001 - 8,000 ft (1,831 - 2,440m)</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input checked="" type="radio"/></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input checked="" type="radio"/></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>ON = <input checked="" type="radio"/> OFF = <input type="radio"/></p>		5	6	0 - 2,000 ft (0 - 610m)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	2,001 - 4,000 ft (611 - 1,220m)	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	4,001 - 6,000 ft (1,221 - 1,830m)	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	6,001 - 8,000 ft (1,831 - 2,440m)	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
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6,001 - 8,000 ft (1,831 - 2,440m)	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>															

## Filling the condensate trap with water

The condensate trap can be filled before connecting the vent pipe.

### Filling the condensate trap before vent pipe installation.

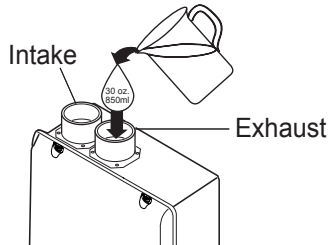


## DANGER

Prior to initial start up, make sure that you fill the condensate trap with water. This is to prevent dangerous exhaust gases from entering the building. Failure to fill the condensate trap could result in severe personal injury or death.

Please follow one of the procedures described below to ensure that the condensate trap is filled with water.

- 1) Fill the condensate trap by pouring approx. 30 oz.(850ml) of water into the exhaust accessory on the top of the appliance as illustrated below.



Or, if the vent pipe has already been installed:

- 2) After installing the drain pipe, make sure that the area around the appliance is well ventilated; open a window or a door if necessary.

Then, operate the unit and verify that condensate is coming out of the drain pipe.

(During normal use of the water heater, condensate will begin to discharge from the drain pipe within 15 minutes of use. However, depending on the season and/or installation site conditions, it may take longer.)

Note: The condensate discharged from the water heater has a pH level of approximately 2-3.

If required by local code, the condensate must be neutralized prior to disposal into the sewer system. Refer to pages 25-26 for additional details.

# 8. Vent Pipe Installation (Indoor Installation Only)

## **WARNING**



Be sure to do

### CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING

Follow all vent system requirements in accordance with relevant local or state regulation, or, in the absence of local or state code, in the U.S. to the National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z233.1/NFPA 54 – latest edition, and in Canada, in accordance with NSCNGPI.

### General Requirements

- Under normal conditions, this appliance will not produce an exhaust flue temperature in excess of 149°F (65°C) and schedule 40 PVC pipe may be used as the vent material. If the water heater set temperature is 160°F (70°C) or higher and there is a return line to the water heater from either a recirculation pump or a combination space heating system, schedule 40 or 80 CPVC may also be used. Refer to page 14 for additional requirements.
- Make sure the vent system is gas tight and will not leak.
- Support the vent pipe with hangers at regular intervals as specified by these instructions or the instructions of the vent manufacturer.
- Do not common vent or connect more than one appliance to this venting system.
- The total vent length including horizontal & vertical vent runs should be no less than 3' (0.9m).
- Do not store hazardous or flammable substances near the vent termination and check that the termination is not blocked in any way.
- Steam or condensed water may come out from the vent termination. Select the location for the termination so as to prevent injury or property damage.
- If snow is expected to accumulate, take care the end of the pipe is not covered with snow or hit by falling lumps of snow.

### Maximum Vent Lengths

- This appliance has been designed to be vented with either 3" (75mm) or 4" (100mm) PVC or CPVC pipe.

Do not exceed the following maximum vent lengths:

Pipe diameter	3" (75mm)	4" (100mm)
---------------	-----------	------------

No. of Elbows	Max. Straight Vent Length*	
4	N/A	39' (11.7m)
3	16' (4.8m)	45' (13.5m)
2	22' (6.6m)	51' (15.3m)
1	28' (8.4m)	57' (17.1m)

\* Not including the termination

Refer to page 16 for max. vent lengths  
When using termination VK3-H-PVC

- Maintain the same vent pipe diameter from the heater flue to the vent termination. The exhaust and intake pipes must be the same vent pipe diameter.

### Clearances

PVC or CPVC has been approved for use on this appliance with zero clearance to combustibles.

# Maximum Vent Length Adjustment Dipswitches

The unit can be adjusted to accommodate longer vent runs; refer to the below table to find the maximum vent length based on the number of elbows. Adjust the dip switches according to the vent condition noted in the tables below.

Note: By default, the unit has been set to the "① short length using 3" (75mm) pipe" condition. When adjusting the dip switches for longer vent runs, the BTUH input of the appliance will be reduced by up to 5%.

- Disconnect power to the water heater before changing the dip switches. Failure to perform this step will result in a "73" code displayed on the remote controller and a cease in operation. If this occurs, disconnect, then reconnect power to the water heater to reset the system.  
Note : Please refer to page 29 for the location of the dip switch bank.

## [Maximum Vent Length Example]

- Two 90° elbows, maximum length = 3 ft. (0.9m)  
(with dip switches set at "① short length using 3" (75mm) pipe" condition)
- Two 90° elbows, maximum length = 51 ft. (15.3m)  
(with dip switches set at "④ long length using 4" (100mm) pipe" condition)

## <Maximum Vent Length and Reduced Input Configurations>

### ● 3" Pipe

Vent length*			Elbows			
ft	m	Number of pieces**	0	1	2	3
0	0.00	0	① 0%	① 0%	① 0%	② 0%
3	0.90	1	① ↓	① ↓	① -5%	② ↓
6	1.80	2	① ↓	① ↓	② 0%	② ↓
9	2.70	3	① ↓	① -5%	② ↓	② ↓
12	3.60	4	① ↓	② 0%	② ↓	② ↓
15	4.50	5	① -5%	② ↓	② ↓	② ↓
16	4.80	6	② 0%	② ↓	② ↓	② -5%
18	5.40	6	② ↓	② ↓	② ↓	
21	6.30	7	② ↓	② ↓	② ↓	
22	6.60	8	② ↓	② ↓	② -5%	
24	7.20	8	② ↓	② ↓		
27	8.10	9	② ↓	② ↓		
28	8.40	10	② ↓	② -5%		
30	9.00	10	② ↓			
33	9.90	11	② ↓			
34	10.20	12	② -5%			

\* Not including the termination.

### ● 4" Pipe

Vent length*			Elbows				
ft	m	Number of pieces**	0	1	2	3	4
0	0.00	0	③ 0%	③ 0%	③ 0%	③ 0%	③ 0%
3	0.90	1	③ ↓	③ ↓	③ ↓	③ ↓	③ ↓
6	1.80	2	③ ↓	③ ↓	③ ↓	③ ↓	③ -3%
9	2.70	3	③ ↓	③ ↓	③ ↓	③ ↓	④ -3%
12	3.60	4	③ ↓	③ ↓	③ ↓	③ -3%	④ ↓
15	4.50	5	③ ↓	③ ↓	③ ↓	④ -3%	④ ↓
18	5.40	6	③ ↓	③ ↓	③ -3%	④ ↓	④ ↓
21	6.30	7	③ ↓	③ ↓	④ -3%	④ ↓	④ ↓
24	7.20	8	③ ↓	③ -3%	④ ↓	④ ↓	④ ↓
27	8.10	9	③ ↓	④ -3%	④ ↓	④ ↓	④ ↓
30	9.00	10	③ -3%	④ ↓	④ ↓	④ ↓	④ ↓
33	9.90	11	④ -3%	④ ↓	④ ↓	④ ↓	④ ↓
36	10.80	12	④ ↓	④ ↓	④ ↓	④ ↓	④ ↓
39	11.70	13	④ ↓	④ ↓	④ ↓	④ ↓	④ -5%
42	12.60	14	④ ↓	④ ↓	④ ↓	④ ↓	
45	13.50	15	④ ↓	④ ↓	④ ↓	④ -5%	
48	14.40	16	④ ↓	④ ↓	④ ↓		
51	15.30	17	④ ↓	④ ↓	④ -5%		
54	16.20	18	④ ↓	④ ↓			
57	17.10	19	④ ↓	④ -5%			
60	18.00	20	④ ↓				
63	18.90	21	④ -5%				

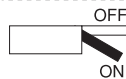
\* Not including the termination.

① Short length using 3" (75mm) pipe	③ Short length using 4" (100mm) pipe
② Long length using 3" (75mm) pipe	④ Long length using 4" (100mm) pipe

\*\*Table assumes straight vent pieces are 3' (0.9m) each. Shorter or longer vent pieces may also be used up to the maximum allowed vent length.

Refer to page 16 for max. vent lengths when using termination VK3-H-PVC.

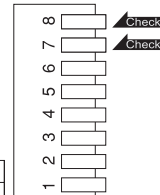
Do not change any other dipswitches.




Vent length condition.

	7	8
① Short length using 3" (75mm) pipe	○	○
② Long length using 3" (75mm) pipe	●	○
③ Short length using 4" (100mm) pipe	○	●
④ Long length using 4" (100mm) pipe	●	●

ON=● OFF=○





The power must be unplugged when adjusting the dip switches to switch the airflow amount.

## Venting With PVC or CPVC

This appliance can be vented with non cellular core plastic pipe materials as specified in the below table. Vent installations in Canada which utilize plastic vent systems must comply with ULC S636.

Item	Material	United States	Canada
Exhaust Vent/Air Intake	Schedule 40 PVC	ANSI/ASTM D1785	ULC S636 Certified Materials Only
	PVC-DWV	ANSI/ASTM D2665	
	Schedule 40 CPVC	ANSI/ASTM F441	
Pipe Cement/Primer	PVC	ANSI/ASTM D2564	
	CPVC	ANSI/ASTM F493	
Note: Do Not Use Cellular Foam Core Pipe			

### PVC/CPVC Installation Instructions

- Use only solid PVC or CPVC schedule 40 pipe. Cellular foam core piping is not allowed.
- 3" or 4" schedule 80 pipe may also be used on this appliance, however the BTUH input of the appliance will be reduced by up to 5%.
- In Canada, plastic vent systems must be certified to ULC S636. The components of the certified vent system must not be interchanged with other vent systems or unlisted pipe/fittings.
- In Canada, specified primers and glues of the ULC S636 certified vent system must be from a single system manufacturer and not intermixed with other system manufacturer's vent system parts.
- Follow all general venting guidelines as outlined on this page.
- PVC or CPVC pipe has been approved for use on this appliance with zero clearance to combustibles.
- The pipe shall be installed so that the first 3' (0.9m) of pipe from the appliance flue outlet is readily accessible for visual inspection.
- When preparing and assembling the pipe, follow instructions as provided by the pipe manufacturer. In general, the following practices must be observed:
  - o Squarely cut all pieces of pipe.
  - o Remove all burrs and debris from joints and fittings.
  - o All joints must be properly cleaned, primed, and cemented. Use only cement and primer approved for use with the pipe material as outlined in the above table.



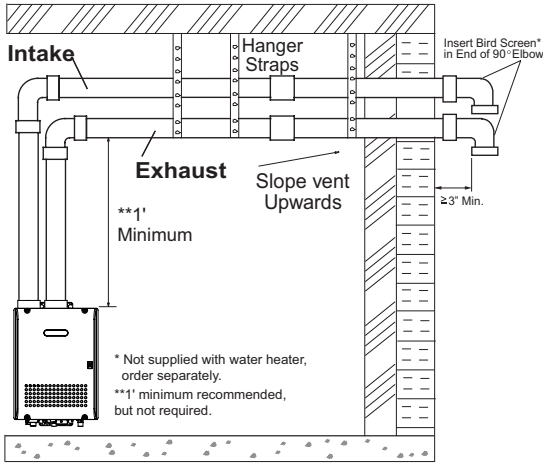
## WARNING

**CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING**  
 Failure to properly seal the vent system could cause flue products to enter the living space.

- All piping must be fully supported. Use pipe hangers at a minimum of 3' (0.9m) intervals. Do not use the water heater to support the vent piping.
- When attaching the piping to the water heater, use the appropriate primer and cement to ensure a proper seal.
- A bird screen must be installed on the vent terminations to prevent debris or animals from entering the piping. These screens are not supplied with the water heater and must be purchased separately (part #VT4-PVCS, use part #VT3-PVCS when using 3" (75mm) PVC or CPVC).

# Vent Pipe Installation

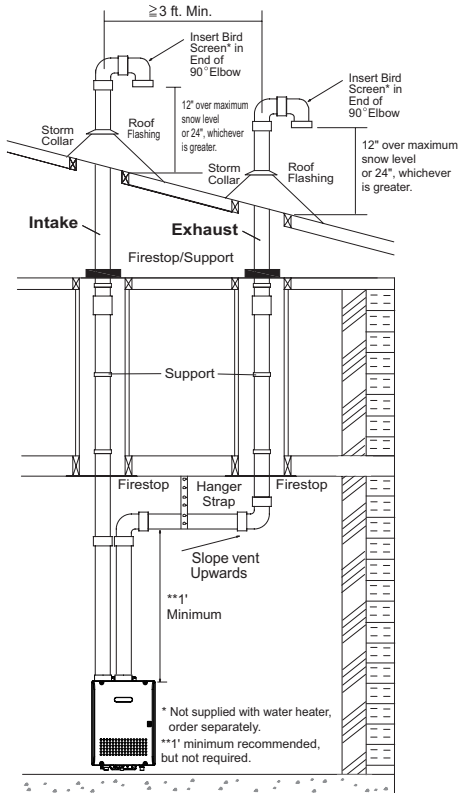
## Horizontal Vent Termination- PVC/CPVC Materials Only



When choosing intake and exhaust terminations, you must use the same type of elbow (i.e. both 90° elbows). This will help with proper combustion by putting both terminations in the same pressure zone.

- As illustrated on the left, make sure to keep a distance of 3' (0.9m) or wider between the intake and exhaust when installing the vent piping. \* If 3' (0.9m) remote distance between Intake and Exhaust cannot be ensured, the installation can be carried out only in the installation method shown in page 17.
- The PVT-HL termination may be used in place of elbows as the horizontal vent terminations. It is not necessary to use bird screens with the PVT-HL termination.
- Terminate at least 12" (300mm) above grade or above snow line.
- Terminate at least 7' (2.1m) above a public walkway, 6' (1.8m) from the combustion air intake of any appliance, and 3' (0.9m) from any other building opening, gas utility meter, service regulator etc.
- Terminate at least 3' (0.9m) above any forced air inlet within 10' (3m) , 1' (0.3m) below, 1' (0.3m) horizontally from or 1' (0.3m) above any door, window, or gravity air inlet into any building per National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54.
- Slope the horizontal vent 1/4" upwards for every 12" (300mm) toward the termination.
- Use a condensation drain if necessary.
- In the Commonwealth of Massachusetts a carbon monoxide detector is required for all side wall horizontally vented gas fuel equipment. Please refer to Technical Bulletin TB 010606 for full installation instructions.

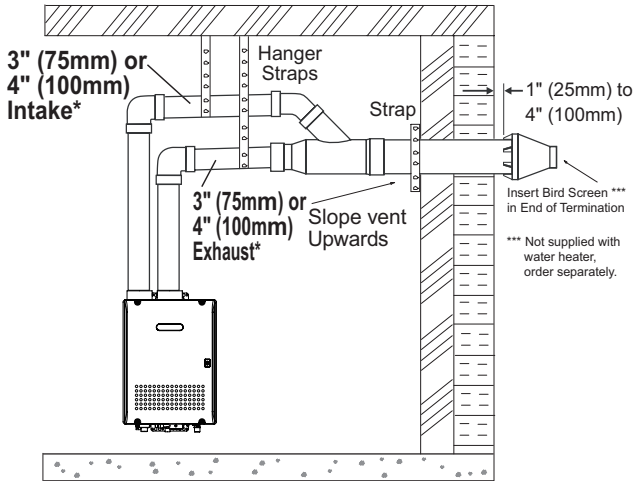
## Vertical Vent Termination- PVC/CPVC Materials Only



When choosing intake and exhaust terminations, you must use the same type of elbow (i.e. both 90° elbows). This will help with proper combustion by putting both terminations in the same pressure zone.

- As illustrated on the left, make sure to keep a distance of 3' (0.9m) or wider between the intake and exhaust when installing the vent piping.
- Terminate at least 6' (1.8m) from the combustion air intake of any appliance, and 3' (0.9m) from any other building opening, gas utility meter, service regulator etc.
- Enclose exterior vent systems below the roof line to limit condensation and protect against mechanical failure.
- When the vent penetrates a floor or ceiling and is not running in a fire rated shaft, a firestop and support is required.
- When the vent termination is located not less than 8' (2.4m) from a vertical wall or similar obstruction, terminate above the roof at least 2' (0.6m), but not more than 6' (1.87m), in accordance with the National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54.
- Provide vertical support every 3' (0.9m) or as required by the vent pipe manufacturer's instructions.
- A short horizontal section is recommended to prevent debris from falling into the water heater.
- When using a horizontal section, slope the horizontal vent 1/4" upwards for every 12" (300mm) toward the termination to drain condensate.

## Horizontal Vent Termination- 3" (75mm) Concentric PVC/CPVC Termination



\* 4" (100mm) pipe requires the use of a reducing coupling just prior to the termination.

No. of Elbows	3" (75mm) PVC or CPVC Max. Straight Vent Length**	4" (100mm) PVC or CPVC Max. Straight Vent Length**
4	N / A	N / A
3	16' (4.8m)	30' (9.0m)
2	22' (6.6m)	36' (10.8m)
1	28' (8.4m)	42' (12.6m)

\*\* Not including the concentric termination

Maximum Vent Length Adjustment Dip switches.

<Maximum Vent Length and Reduced Input Configurations>

### ● 4" Pipe

Vent length***			Elbows			
ft	m	Number of pieces****	0	1	2	3
0	0.00	0	N / A	③ 0%	③ 0%	④ -3%
3	0.90	1	N / A	③ ↓	③ -3%	④ ↓
6	1.80	2	N / A	③ ↓	④ -3%	④ ↓
9	2.70	3	N / A	③ -3%	④ ↓	④ ↓
12	3.60	4	N / A	④ -3%	④ ↓	④ ↓
15	4.50	5	N / A	④ ↓	④ ↓	④ ↓
18	5.40	6	N / A	④ ↓	④ ↓	④ ↓
21	6.30	7	N / A	④ ↓	④ ↓	④ ↓
24	7.20	8	N / A	④ ↓	④ ↓	④ ↓
27	8.10	9	N / A	④ ↓	④ ↓	④ ↓
30	9.00	10	N / A	④ ↓	④ ↓	④ -5%
33	9.90	11	N / A	④ ↓	④ ↓	
36	10.80	12	N / A	④ ↓	④ -5%	
39	11.70	13	N / A	④ ↓		
42	12.60	14	N / A	④ -5%		

③ Short length using 4" (100mm) pipe

④ Long length using 4" (100mm) pipe

\*\*\*\*Table assumes straight vent pieces are 3' (0.9m) each. Shorter or longer vent pieces may also be used up to the maximum allowed vent length.

\*\*\* Refer to page 13 for 3" pipe Maximum Vent Length Adjustment Dipswitches table.

- The concentric termination may be shortened, but not lengthened from its original factory supplied length.

The concentric termination may only be used for horizontal terminations.

- 3" (75mm) or 4" (100mm) PVC or CPVC pipe may be used with the concentric termination. Maintain the same vent pipe diameter from the water heater flue to the termination.
- Do not exceed the maximum vent lengths as specified in this section.
- When using 4" (100mm) pipe, it will be necessary to use 4" (100mm) x 3" (75mm) reducing couplings and a short section of 3" (75mm) pipe to connect to the termination. Use no more than a 6" (150mm) section of pipe to make the connection between the reducing couplings and the termination.
- There must be a 1" (25mm) to 4" (100mm) clearance between the outside wall and the air intake section of the termination as illustrated on the left.
- Install a securing strap to prevent movement of the termination.
- Terminate at least 12" (300mm) above grade or above snow line.
- Terminate at least 7' (2.1m) above a public walkway, 6' (1.8m) from the combustion air intake of any appliance, and 3' (0.9m) from any other building opening, gas utility meter, service regulator etc.
- Terminate at least 3' (0.9m) above any forced air inlet within 10' (3m), 1' (0.3m) below, 1' (0.3m) horizontally from or 1' (0.3m) above any door, window, or gravity air inlet into any building per National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54.
- Slope the horizontal vent 1/4" upwards for every 12" (300mm).
- Use a condensation drain if necessary.
- In the Commonwealth of Massachusetts a carbon monoxide detector is required for all side wall horizontally vented gas fuel equipment. Please refer to Technical Bulletin TB 010606 for full installation instructions.

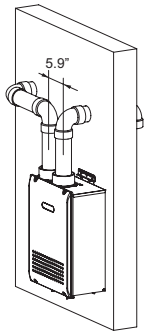


## Vent Pipe Installation

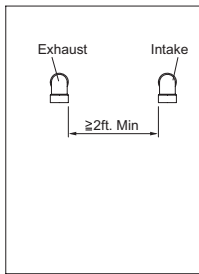
### Horizontal Vent Termination- PVC/CPVC Materials Only

\* When 3' (0.9m) remote distance between Intake and Exhaust cannot be ensured.

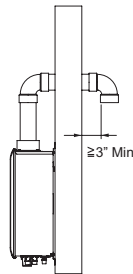
\* Can not use Hood termination (PVT-HL)



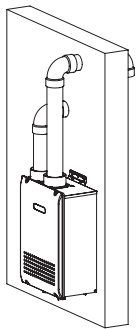
Interior View



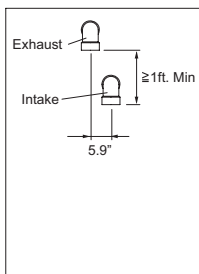
Exterior View



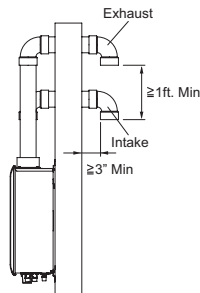
- Intake and exhaust should face the same direction. Intake and exhaust should keep the same pressure zone.
- Insert the bird screen. 90° elbow vertical setting (downward).
- Ensure at least 3ft (0.9m) or more distance between the near edge of the air intake pipe or exhaust pipe to the inside corner of a wall.
- Ensure at least 2ft (0.6m) or more distance between intake pipe and exhaust pipe. The distance is measured at inside of pipe to inner dimension.



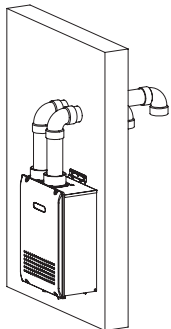
Interior View



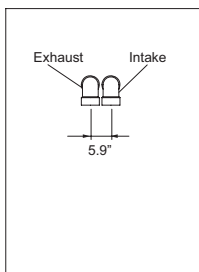
Exterior View



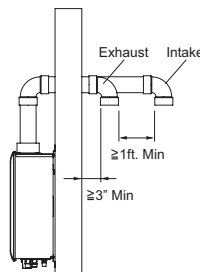
- Intake and exhaust should face the same direction. Intake and exhaust should keep the same pressure zone.
- Insert the bird screen. 90° elbow vertical setting (downward).
- Ensure at least 3ft (0.9m) or more distance between edge of air intake pipe or exhaust pipe and corner wall.
- Upper side is exhaust, lower side is intake. The reverse connection is not allowed.
- Ensure at least 1ft (0.3m) or more distance between intake pipe and exhaust pipe. The distance is measured at the outlets of intake port (terminal) and exhaust port (terminal).



Interior View



Exterior View



- Intake and exhaust should face the same direction. Intake and exhaust should keep the same pressure zone.
- Insert the bird screen. 90° elbow vertical setting (downward).
- Ensure at least 3ft (0.9m) or more distance between edge of air intake pipe or exhaust pipe and corner wall.
- The side distant from wall is intake, the side near the wall is exhaust. The reverse connection is not allowed.
- Ensure at least 1ft (0.3m) or more distance between intake pipe and exhaust pipe. The distance is measured at inside of pipe to inner dimension.



## WARNING

- If the distance between the air inlet and exhaust vent terminations is too short, the water heater will draw in the exhaust gases through the intake. There is a risk of inadequate combustion air for the water heater, increasing Carbon Monoxide (CO) emissions and noise due to vibration.
- Termination elbows must be oriented vertically, pointing directly downward. Attempts to prevent exhaust air from entering the air inlet by angling termination elbows in directions other than directly downward will increase the risk of freezing.
- Reversing the air intake and exhaust pipes is not allowed. Carbon Monoxide (CO) emissions and noise due to vibration will increase.

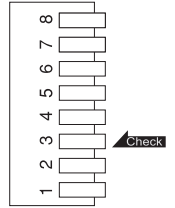
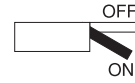
## Vent Pipe Installation (When supplying combustion air from the indoors (SV, non-direct vent))

### DANGER

When installing this water heater in an area with a large amount of lint such as a commercial Laundromat, direct-vent ("DV") system must be used. The "-SV" configuration (using an SV conversion kit) is prohibited.

- Disconnect power and turn ON dip switch 3 if combustion air will be supplied from the indoors as illustrated to the right. Refer to page 29 for the location of the dip switch bank.
- SV Conversion kit #SV-CK-3 is required for the air intake.

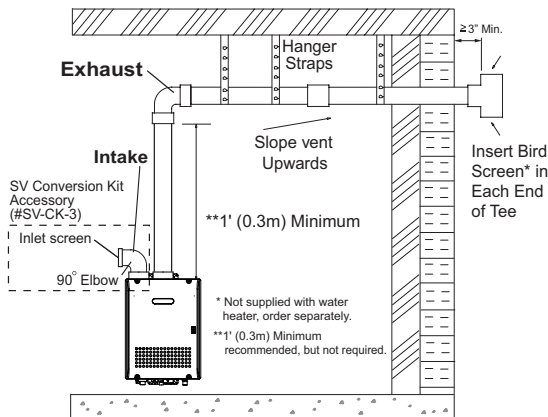
\* Dip switch No.3 is turned on.



### WARNING

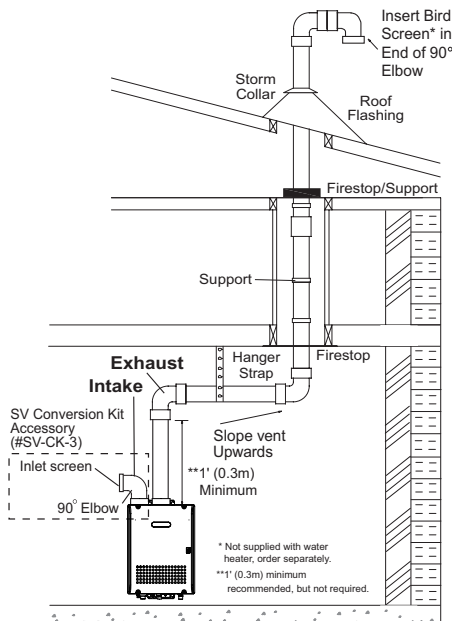
Failure to perform the above 2 steps could result in a fire or explosion causing property damage, personal injury or death. Refer to the instructions provided with the conversion kit for additional details.

### Horizontal Vent Termination- PVC/CPVC Materials Only



- A tee, the PVT-HL termination may be used for the vent termination. It is not necessary to use bird screens with the PVT-HL termination.
- Terminate at least 12" (300mm) above grade or above snow line.
- Terminate at least 7' (2.1m) above a public walkway, 6' (1.8m) from the combustion air intake of any appliance, and 3' (0.9m) from any other building opening, gas utility meter, service regulator etc.
- Terminate at least 3' (0.9m) above any forced air inlet within 10' (3m) , 4' (1.2m) below, 4' (1.2m) horizontally from or 1' (0.3m) above any door, window, or gravity air inlet into any building per National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54.
- Slope the horizontal vent 1/4" upwards for every 12" (300mm) toward the termination.
- Use a condensation drain if necessary.
- In the Commonwealth of Massachusetts a carbon monoxide detector is required for all side wall horizontally vented gas fuel equipment. Please refer to Technical Bulletin TB 010606 for full installation instructions.

### Vertical Vent Termination- PVC/CPVC Materials Only



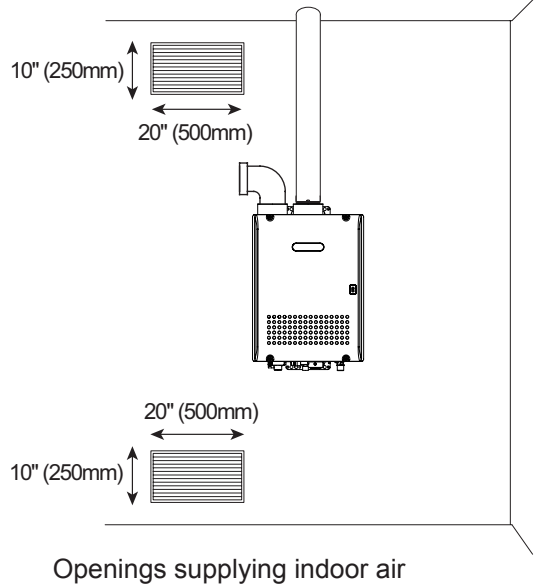
- Terminate at least 6' (1.8m) from the combustion air intake of any appliance, and 3' (0.9m) from any other building opening, gas utility meter, service regulator etc.
- Enclose exterior vent systems below the roof line to limit condensation and protect against mechanical failure.
- When the vent penetrates a floor or ceiling and is not running in a fire rated shaft, a firestop and support is required.
- When the vent termination is located not less than 8' (2.4m) from a vertical wall or similar obstruction, terminate above the roof at least 2' (0.6m), but not more than 6' (1.87m), in accordance with the National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54.
- Provide vertical support every 3' (0.9m) or as required by the vent pipe manufacturer's instructions.
- A short horizontal section is recommended to prevent debris from falling into the water heater.
- When using a horizontal section, slope the horizontal vent 1/4" upwards for every 12" (300mm) toward the termination to drain condensate.

## Combustion Air

Supply combustion air to the units as per the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1 and in Canada, in accordance with CSA-B149.1.

**Provide adequate combustion air so as to not create negative pressure within the building.**

- Provide two permanent openings to allow circulation of combustion air.
- Make each opening 199 square inches if they provide indoor air, and 100 square inches for outdoor air.
- If the unit is installed in a mechanical closet, provide a 24" (600mm) clearance in front of the unit to the door.
- If combustion air will be provided through a duct, size the duct to provide 60 cubic feet of fresh air per minute.



# 9. Gas Piping

Follow the instructions from the gas supplier.

The appliance and its individual shutoff valve must be disconnected from the gas supply piping system during any pressure testing of that system at test pressures in excess of  $\frac{1}{2}$  psig (3.5 kPa). The Appliance must be isolated from the gas supply piping system by closing its individual manual shutoff valve during any pressure testing of the gas supply piping system at test pressures equal to or less than  $\frac{1}{2}$  psig (3.5 kPa).

The appliance and its gas connections must be leak tested before placing the appliance in operation.

The inlet gas pressure must be within the range specified. This is for the purposes of input adjustment.

In order to choose the proper size for the gas line, consult local codes or the National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1.

## Gas Pressure

Size the gas line according to total btuh demand of the building and length from the meter or regulator so that the following supply pressures are available even at maximum demand:

### Natural Gas Supply Pressure

Min. 4" WC  
Max. 10.5" WC

### LP Gas Supply Pressure

Min. 8" WC  
Max. 14" WC

## Gas Meter

Select a gas meter capable of supplying the entire btuh demand of all gas appliances in the building.

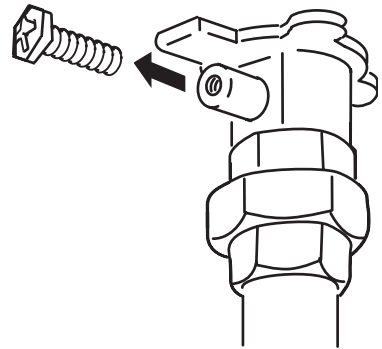
## Gas Connection

- Do not use piping with a diameter smaller than the inlet diameter of the water heater.
- Gas flex lines are not recommended unless they are rated for 199,900 btuh.
- Install a gas shutoff valve on the supply line.
- Use only approved gas piping materials.

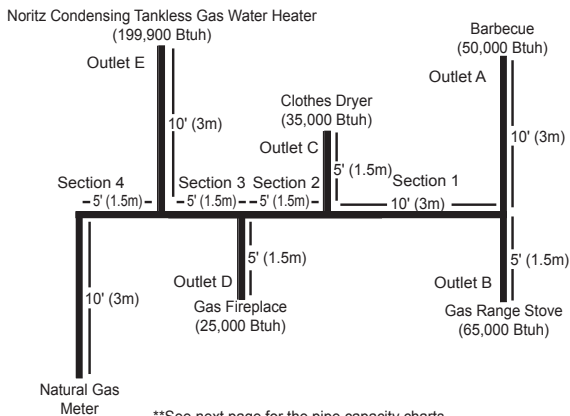
## Measuring Gas Pressure

In order to check the gas supply pressure to the unit, a tap is provided on the gas inlet. Remove the hex head philips screw from the tap, and connect a manometer using a silicon tube.

In order to check the gas manifold pressure, a pair of taps are provided on the gas valve inside the unit. The pressure can be checked either by removing the hex head philips screw and connecting a manometer with a silicon tube, or by removing the 1/8" NPT screw with an allen wrench and connecting the appropriate pressure gauge.



## Sample Gas Line



\*\*See next page for the pipe capacity charts.

## Instructions

- Size each outlet branch starting from the furthest using the Btuh required and the length from the meter.
- Size each section of the main line using the length to the furthest outlet and the Btuh required by everything after that section.

## Sample Calculation

- Outlet A: 45' (13.5m) (Use 50' (15m)), 50,000 Btuh requires 1/2"  
 Outlet B: 40' (12m), 65,000 Btuh requires 1/2"  
 Section 1: 45' (13.5m) (Use 50' (15m)), 115,000 Btuh requires 3/4"  
 Outlet C: 30' (9m), 35,000 Btuh requires 1/2"  
 Section 2: 45' (13.5m) (Use 50' (15m)), 150,000 Btuh requires 3/4"  
 Outlet D: 25' (7.5m) (Use 30' (9m)), 25,000 Btuh requires 1/2"  
 Section 3: 45' (13.5m) (Use 50' (15m)), 175,000 Btuh requires 1"  
 Outlet E: 25' (7.5m) (Use 30' (9m)), 199,900 Btuh requires 3/4"  
 Section 4: 45' (13.5m) (Use 50' (15m)), 374,900 Btuh requires 1-1/4"

# Gas Line Sizing for a Noritz Condensing Tankless Gas Water Heater

Adapted from UPC 1997

Maximum **Natural Gas** Delivery Capacity in Cubic Feet per Hour (0.60 Specific Gravity, 0.5" WC Pressure Drop)

Pipe Size	Length in Feet											
	10' (3m)	20' (6m)	30' (9m)	40' (12m)	50' (15m)	60' (18m)	70' (21m)	80' (24m)	90' (27m)	100' (30m)	125' (37.5m)	
1/2"	174	119	96	82	73	66	61	56	53	50	44	
3/4"	363	249	200	171	152	138	127	118	111	104	93	
1"	684	470	377	323	286	259	239	222	208	197	174	
1 1/4"	1404	965	775	663	588	532	490	456	428	404	358	
1 1/2"	2103	1445	1161	993	880	798	734	683	641	605	536	
2"	4050	2784	2235	1913	1696	1536	1413	1315	1234	1165	1033	
2 1/2"	6455	4437	3563	3049	2703	2449	2253	2096	1966	1857	1646	
3"	11,412	7843	6299	5391	4778	4329	3983	3705	3476	3284	2910	
3 1/2"	16,709	11,484	9222	7893	6995	6338	5831	5425	5090	4808	4261	
4"	23,277	15,998	12,847	10,995	9745	8830	8123	7557	7091	6698	5936	

Contact the Gas Supplier for Btu/Cubic Ft. of the Supplied Gas. 1000 BTU/Cubic Ft. is a Typical Value

Maximum **Liquefied Petroleum** (Undiluted) Delivery Capacity in Thousands of Btuh (0.5" WC Pressure Drop)

Pipe Size	Length in Feet													
	10' (3m)	20' (6m)	30' (9m)	40' (12m)	50' (15m)	60' (18m)	70' (21m)	80' (24m)	90' (27m)	100' (30m)	125' (37.5m)	150' (45m)	200' (60m)	
1/2"	275	189	152	129	114	103	96	89	83	78	69	63	55	
3/4"	567	393	315	267	237	217	196	185	173	162	146	132	112	
1"	1071	732	590	504	448	409	378	346	322	307	275	252	213	
1 1/4"	2205	1496	1212	1039	913	834	771	724	677	630	567	511	440	
1 1/2"	3307	2299	1858	1559	1417	1275	1181	1086	1023	976	866	787	675	
2"	6221	4331	3465	2992	2646	2394	2205	2047	1921	1811	1606	1496	1260	

\*\* For reference only. Please consult gas pipe manufacturer for actual pipe capacities.

Maximum Capacity of Flex TracPipe® in Cubic Feet per Hour of **Natural Gas** (0.60 Specific Gravity, 0.5" WC Pressure Drop)

Pipe Size	Length in Feet											
	10' (3m)	20' (6m)	30' (9m)	40' (12m)	50' (15m)	60' (18m)	70' (21m)	80' (24m)	90' (27m)	100' (30m)	150' (45m)	200' (60m)
3/4"	206	147	121	105	94	86	80	75	71	67	55	48
1"	383	269	218	188	168	153	141	132	125	118	94	82
1 1/4"	614	418	334	284	251	227	209	194	181	171	137	116
1 1/2"	1261	888	723	625	559	509	471	440	415	393	320	277
2"	2934	2078	1698	1472	1317	1203	1114	1042	983	933	762	661

Maximum Capacity of Flex TracPipe® in Thousands of Btuh **Liquefied Petroleum** (0.5" WC Pressure Drop)

Pipe Size	Length in Feet											
	10' (3m)	20' (6m)	30' (9m)	40' (12m)	50' (15m)	60' (18m)	70' (21m)	80' (24m)	90' (27m)	100' (30m)	150' (45m)	200' (60m)
3/4"	325	232	191	166	149	136	126	118	112	106	87	76
1"	605	425	344	297	265	241	222	208	197	186	143	129
1 1/4"	971	661	528	449	397	359	330	307	286	270	217	183
1 1/2"	1993	1404	1143	988	884	805	745	696	656	621	506	438
2"	4638	3285	2684	2327	2082	1902	1761	1647	1554	1475	1205	1045

\*\* For reference only. Please consult gas pipe manufacturer for actual pipe capacities.

TracPipe® is a registered trademark of Omega Flex.

Maximum Capacity for Gas Flex Connectors in Cubic Feet per Hour of **Natural Gas** (0.60 Specific Gravity, 0.5" WC Pressure Drop)

Pipe Size	Length in Inches					
	12" (300mm)	24" (600mm)	36" (900mm)	48" (1200mm)	60" (1500mm)	72" (1800mm)
1/2"	180	150	125	106	93	86
3/4"	—	290	255	215	197	173
1"	—	581	512	442	397	347
1 1/4"	—	1470	1200	1130	960	930

Maximum Capacity for Gas Flex Connectors in Thousands of Btuh **Liquefied Petroleum** (0.5" WC Pressure Drop)

Pipe Size	Length in Inches					
	12" (300mm)	24" (600mm)	36" (900mm)	48" (1200mm)	60" (1500mm)	72" (1800mm)
1/2"	288	240	200	169	149	137
3/4"	—	465	409	344	315	278
1"	—	930	825	708	638	556
1 1/4"	—	2352	1920	1808	1536	1488

\*\* For reference only. Please consult gas pipe manufacturer for actual pipe capacities.

# 10. Water Piping

Installation and service must be performed by a qualified plumber. In the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, this product must be installed by a licensed plumber or gas fitter in accordance with the Massachusetts Plumbing and Fuel Gas Code 248 CMR Sections 2.00 and 5.00. Observe all applicable codes.

This appliance is suitable for combination potable water and space heating applications. It cannot be used for space heating applications only. Do not use this appliance if any part has been underwater. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and replace any part of the control system and gas control which has been under water.

If the water heater is installed in a closed water supply system, such as one having a backflow preventer in the cold water supply line, means shall be provided to control thermal expansion. Contact the water supplier or a local plumbing inspector on how to control this situation.

A pressure relief valve must be installed near the hot water outlet that is rated in accordance with and complying with either The Standard for Relief Valves and Automatic Shutoff Devices for Hot Water Supply Systems, ANSI Z21.22, or The ANSI/ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section IV (Heating Boilers). This pressure relief valve must be capable of an hourly Btu rated temperature steam discharge of 199,900 Btuh. Multiple valves may be used. The pressure relief capacity must not exceed 150 psig. No valve shall be placed between the relief valve and the water heater. The relief valve must be installed such that the discharge will be conducted to a suitable place for disposal when relief occurs. No reducing coupling or other restriction may be installed in the discharge line. The discharge line must be installed to allow complete drainage of both the valve and the line. If this unit is installed with a separate storage vessel, the separate vessel must have its own temperature and pressure relief valve. This valve must also comply with The Standard for Relief Valves and Automatic Gas Shutoff Devices for Hot Water Supply Systems, ANSI Z21.22. (in the U.S. only). A temperature relief valve is not required, but if one is used, do not install the valve with the probe directly in the flow of water. This may cause unwarranted discharge of the valve.

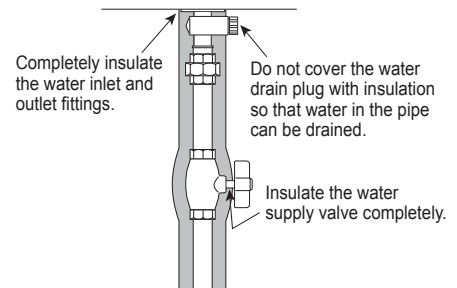
Piping and components connected to the water heater shall be suitable for use with potable water.

Toxic chemicals, such as those used for boiler treatment, shall not be introduced into the potable water.

A water heater used to supply potable water may not be connected to any heating system or components previously used with a nonpotable water heating appliance.

When water is required in one part of the system at a higher temperature than in the rest of the system, means such as a mixing valve shall be installed to temper the water to reduce the scald hazard.

- Flush water through the pipe to clean out metal powder, sand and dirt before connecting it.
- Perform the following insulation measures for prevention of freezing.
  - Take appropriate heat insulation measures (e.g., wrapping with heat insulation materials, using electric heaters) according to the climate of the region to prevent the pipe from freezing.
  - Make sure that there are no water leaks from the cold and hot water supply pipes, then insulate the pipes completely.
  - Be sure to also completely insulate the water supply valve and the cold and hot water connections on the water heater (refer to the figure on the right).
  - Do not cover the water drain plug with insulation so that water in the pipe can be drained. (Refer to the figure in the right.)
- Use a union coupling or flexible pipe for connecting the pipes to reduce the force applied to the piping.
- Do not use piping with a diameter smaller than the coupling.
- When feed water pressure is too high, insert a depressurizing valve, or take water hammer prevention measure.
- Avoid using joints as much as possible to keep the piping simple.
- Avoid piping in which an air holdup can occur.
- If installing the unit on a roof:
  - About lower-level hot water supply



If the unit is installed on a roof to supply water to the levels below, make sure that the water pressure supplied to the unit does not drop below 29 psi. It may be necessary to install a pump system to ensure that the water pressure is maintained at this level.

Check the pressure before putting the unit into operation.

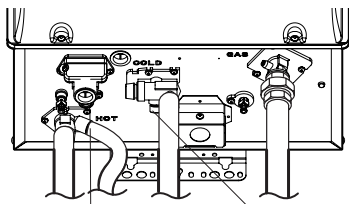
Failure to supply the proper pressure to the unit may result in noisy operation, shorter lifetime of the unit, and may cause the unit to shut down frequently.

### Supply water piping

- Do not use PVC, iron, or any piping which has been treated with chromates, boiler seal or other chemicals.
- Mount a check valve and a shut off valve (near the inlet).
- In order for the client to use the water heater comfortably, 98.1 to 491 kPa (14 to 70 PSI) of pressure is needed from the water supply. Be sure to check the water pressure. If the water pressure is low, the water heater cannot perform to its full capability, and may become a source of trouble for the client.

### Drain piping

- Expansion water may drop from the pressure relief valve and wet the floor.
  - \* Pressure relief valve (1)  
Install a drain hose (accessory) to remove the water. Prevent the drain hose from becoming pinched.
  - \* Pressure relief valve (2)  
If necessary, provide drain piping or use a drain hose to remove the water.



Pressure relief valve (1)

Pressure relief valve (2)

### Hot water piping

- Do not use lead, PVC, iron or any piping which has been treated with chromates, boiler seal or other chemicals.
- The longer the piping, the greater the heat loss. Try to make the piping as short as possible.
- Use mixing valves with low water resistance. Use shower heads with low pressure loss.
- If necessary, use a pump or other means to ensure that the supply water pressure to the inlet of the heater does not fall below 29 PSI when the maximum amount of water is being demanded. Also install a pressure meter on the inlet. If this is not done, local boiling will occur inside the water heater causing abnormal sounds and decreasing the durability of the heat exchanger.

### Freeze Prevention

- Freezing is prevented within the device automatically unless the outside temperature without wind is below  $-30^{\circ}\text{F}$  ( $-35^{\circ}\text{C}$ ).
  - \* When combustion air is supplied from the indoors, the room temperature must be greater than  $32^{\circ}\text{F}$  ( $0^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) to prevent freezing and the room inside must not have negative pressure.
- If this model is installed in an area where the outside temperature can approach freezing conditions of  $-30^{\circ}\text{F}$  ( $-35^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) or below, then additional freeze protection measures must be used. For temporary freeze protection measures, refer to the Owner's Guide.
- The freeze prevention heaters will not prevent the plumbing external to the unit from freezing. Protect this plumbing with insulation, heat tape or electric heaters, solenoids, or pipe covers.
- In order for the freeze prevention heaters to operate, the water heater must have power at all times.

# Water Treatment

If this water heater will be installed in an application where the supply water is hard, the water must be treated with either the Noritz H2Flow or ScaleShield or a water softener. Refer to the below tables for suggested treatment and maintenance measures to be taken based on the water hardness level. Damage to the water heater as a result of water in excess of 12 gpg (200 mg/L) of hardness is not covered by the Noritz America Limited Warranty.

Note: Water softeners may be regulated by the local water jurisdiction, consult with the manufacturer for code, sizing, and installation guidelines; the below diagram is for reference only. For more information about H2Flow and ScaleShield, contact Noritz America at 866-766-7489.

## Residential Use Treatment Guidelines

Type of Water	Hardness Level	Treatment Device	Flush Frequency*
Soft	0-1 gpg (0-17 mg/L)	None	None
Slightly Hard	1-3 gpg (17-51 mg/L)	None	None
Moderately Hard	3-7 gpg (51-120 mg/L)	H2Flow or ScaleShield	Once a Year**
Hard	7-10 gpg (120-171 mg/L)	H2Flow or ScaleShield	Once a Year**
Very Hard	10-14 gpg (171-239 mg/L)	H2Flow	Treatment Required
Extremely Hard	> 14 gpg (> 239 mg/L)	H2Flow	Treatment Required

## Commercial Use Treatment Guidelines

Type of Water	Hardness Level	Treatment Device	Flush Frequency*
Soft	0-1 gpg (0-17 mg/L)	None	None
Slightly Hard	1-3 gpg (17-51 mg/L)	None	None
Moderately Hard	3-7 gpg (51-120 mg/L)	H2Flow Suggested	Once a Year**
Hard	7-10 gpg (120-171 mg/L)	H2Flow Suggested	Twice a Year**
Very Hard	10-14 gpg (171-239 mg/L)	H2Flow	Treatment Required
Extremely Hard	> 14 gpg (> 239 mg/L)	H2Flow	Treatment Required

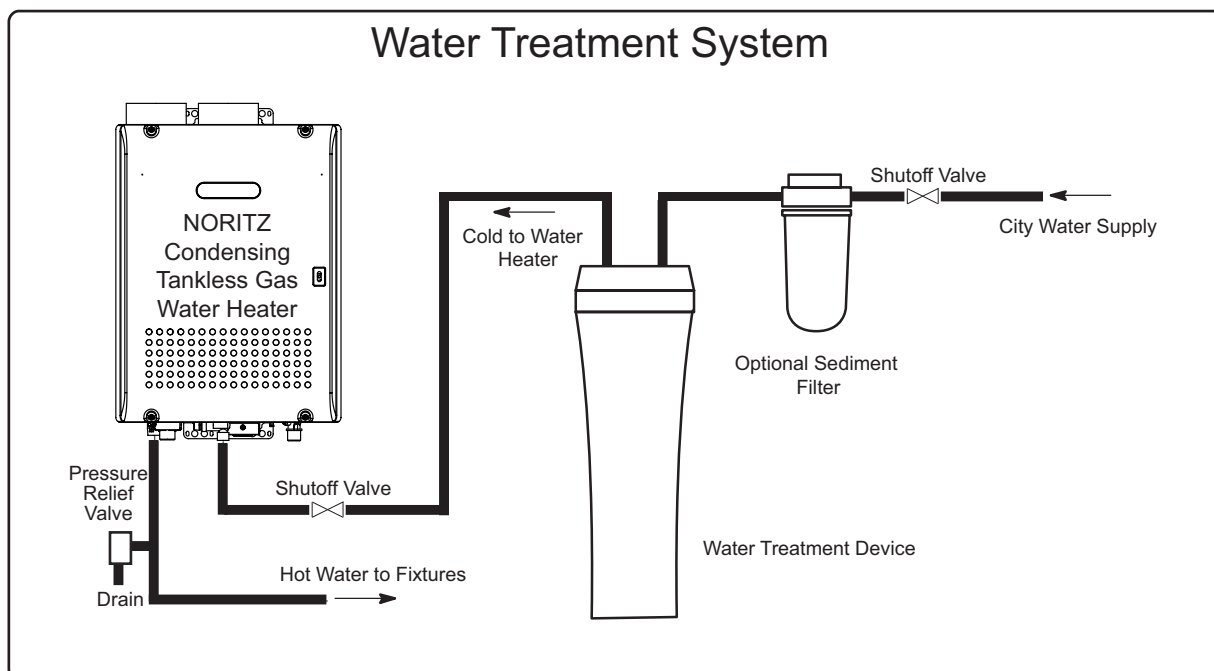
\* Install Noritz Isolation Valves to allow for flushing.

\*\* Flushing is required if a water treatment device is not installed.

\* Install Noritz Isolation Valves to allow for flushing.

\*\* Flushing is required if a water treatment device is not installed.

## Water Treatment System



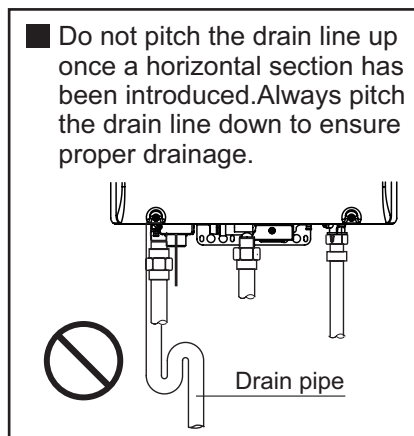
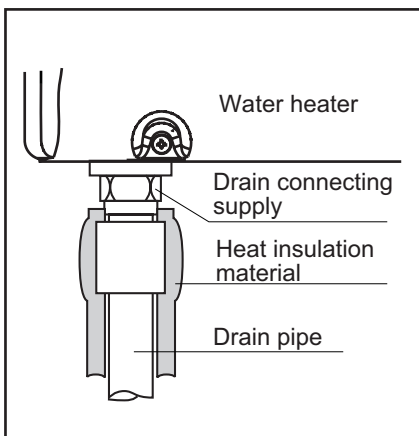


# 11. Condensate Piping

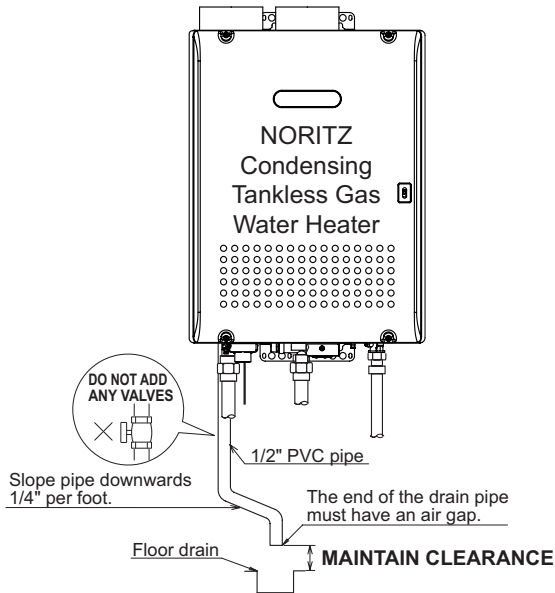
## CAUTION

Due to the acidic nature of the condensate, be sure to properly drain and if necessary, treat the condensate prior to disposal. Damage caused by improperly handled condensate is not covered by the warranty.

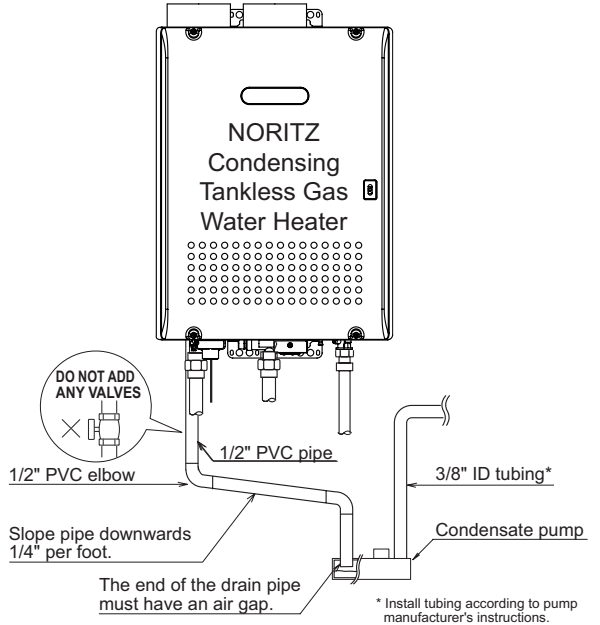
- This water heater is a high efficiency, fully condensing appliance which produces acidic condensate during operation. The water heater incorporates a collection and removal system which must be properly drained in order to ensure proper operation of this appliance.
- The pH level of the condensate is approximately 2-3. An external neutralizer must be installed on the drain piping prior to disposal when required by local code or when the condensate could cause damage.
- If an external neutralizer is installed, periodic replacement of the neutralizing agent will be required. Refer to the instructions supplied with the neutralizer for suggested replacement intervals.
- In order to drain the condensate, a 1/2" threaded fitting is provided at the base of the water heater. Do not reduce the size of this fitting or the drain piping to less than 1/2". In cold climates, do not drain the condensate to the outdoors. If the drain pipe freezes during cold weather, the pipe will not drain condensate and the unit will stop operating.
- Use plastic pipe, such as PVC, for the drain line. Do not use steel, black iron, or any other material which can corrode when placed into contact with acidic condensate.
- Keep the length of the drain pipe as short as possible. Long runs or applications where the nearest drain is above the water heater will require the use of a condensate pump. Size the pump to allow for a maximum condensate discharge of 2 GPH from the water heater.
- Horizontal runs must be sloped 1/4" per foot towards the drain or condensate pump. The condensate will be discharged by gravity force only. Make the drain pipe run as short as possible.
- The end of the drain pipe must not be submerged in water or blocked in any way. To ensure proper drainage, leave the end of the drain pipe open to the atmosphere. Do not have a trap. Also, make sure that there are no obstructions blocking the drain line from discharging condensate.
- Be sure to check that condensate is freely flowing from the drain piping after the system has been installed. Condensate will begin flowing out of the water heater within 15 minutes after operation has started.
- Take measures to prevent the condensate drain lines from freezing (insulation, heat tape, electric heaters, etc.).



### Condensate piping to floor drain



### Condensate piping with pump

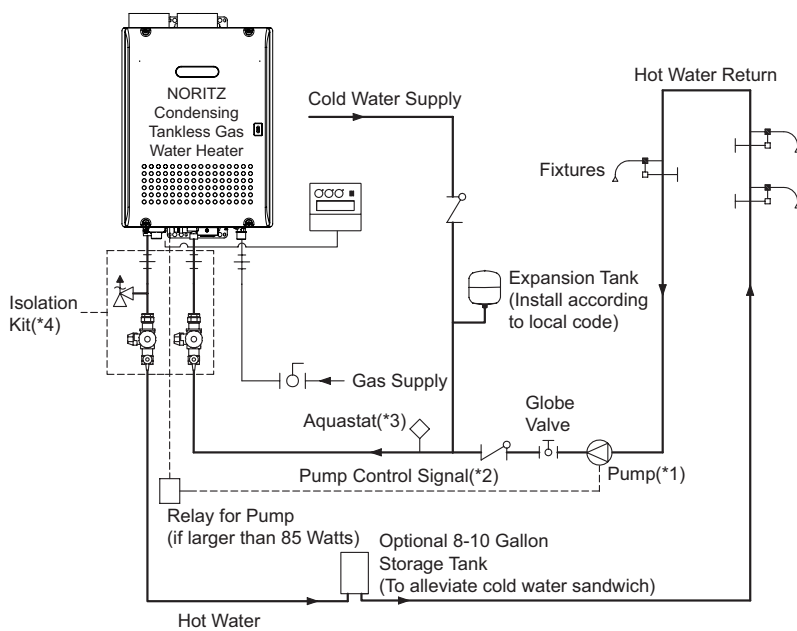


#### Note:

If the drain line becomes clogged or frozen, condensate will back-up into the water heater and a "29" error code will flash on the remote controller, ceasing operation. If this occurs, clear the clog or freeze so that condensate can freely flow. Be sure to slope the drain pipe, use the appropriate size pipe, allow the proper clearances, and apply freeze prevention measures (when necessary) to prevent the drain line from clogging or freezing.

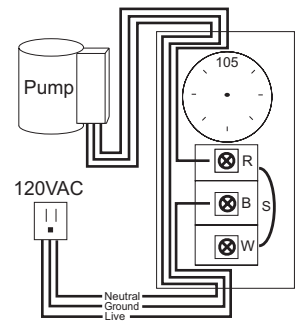
# 12. Plumbing Applications

## Recirculation System



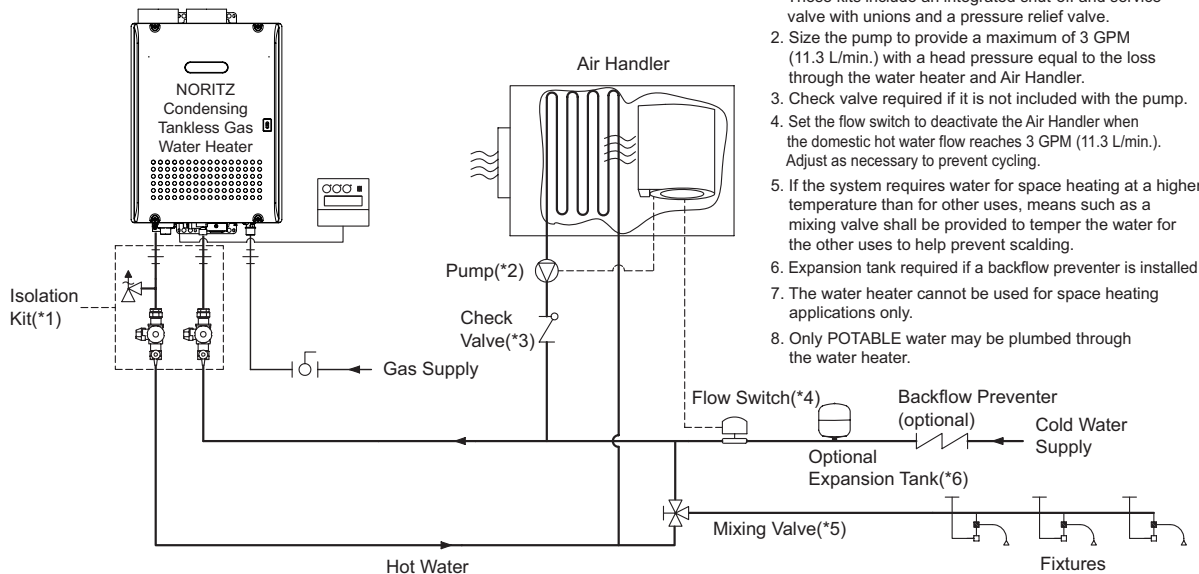
### Notes:

1. Size the pump to provide a maximum of 2 GPM (7.5 L/min.) through the system at 10 ft (3m) of head plus piping losses. Adjust the flow using a globe valve and verify the flow rate with the maintenance monitors.
2. Pump Control Signal is the preferred method to control the recirculation pump. For pumps larger than 85W, a relay connection must be used. If the Pump Control Signal is not used, an Aquastat may be used to control the pump.
3. Use an Aquastat if the water heater is not controlling the pump. Set the Aquastat to 10°F (5°C) below the set output temperature.
4. Noritz recommends the use of an Isolation Kit with the installation. These kits include an integrated shut-off and service valve with unions and a pressure relief valve.



**Aquastat Wiring**  
Use Honeywell Aquastat  
(Model L6006A or L6006C)

## Combination Potable Water and Space Heating System



### Notes:

1. Noritz recommends the use of an Isolation Kit with the installation. These kits include an integrated shut-off and service valve with unions and a pressure relief valve.
2. Size the pump to provide a maximum of 3 GPM (11.3 L/min.) with a head pressure equal to the loss through the water heater and Air Handler.
3. Check valve required if it is not included with the pump.
4. Set the flow switch to deactivate the Air Handler when the domestic hot water flow reaches 3 GPM (11.3 L/min.). Adjust as necessary to prevent cycling.
5. If the system requires water for space heating at a higher temperature than for other uses, means such as a mixing valve shall be provided to temper the water for the other uses to help prevent scalding.
6. Expansion tank required if a backflow preventer is installed.
7. The water heater cannot be used for space heating applications only.
8. Only POTABLE water may be plumbed through the water heater.

# 13. Electrical Wiring

Consult a qualified electrician for the electrical work.



Disconnect Power

Do not connect electrical power to the unit until all electrical wiring has been completed.

This appliance must be electrically grounded in accordance with local codes, or in the absence of local codes, with the National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA 70. In Canada, the latest CSA C22.1 Electrical Code.

**Caution:** Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation.

Verify proper operation after servicing.

Field wiring to be performed at time of appliance installation.

## WARNING

Electrical Shock Hazard

Do not turn power on until electrical wiring is finished. Disconnect power before servicing.

Failure to do so may result in death or serious injury from electrical shock.

- The electrical supply required by the water heater is 120VAC at 60 Hz. The power consumption may be up to 306W or higher if using optional accessories. Use an appropriate circuit.
- Do not disconnect the power supply when not in use. When the power is off, the freeze prevention in the water heater will not activate, resulting in possible freezing damage.

- Do not let the power cord contact the gas piping.

Tie the redundant power cord outside the water heater. Putting the redundant length of cord inside the water heater may cause electrical interference and faulty operation.

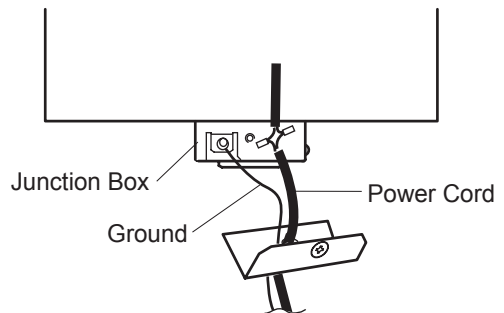
### Ground

- To prevent electrical shock, provide a ground with resistance less than  $100\ \Omega$ . An electrician should do this work.
- A grounding screw is provided on the back in the junction box.

Do not connect the ground to the city water or gas piping. Do not tie the ground to a telephone line.

### Breaker Installation

- Mount a device which shuts off the electrical path automatically (leakage breaker) when electrical leakage is detected.



1. Remove the screw (one) of the junction box and open the cover of the junction box.
2. Connect the grounding wire to the ground screw in the cover.
3. Crimp the outdoor power cable to the power cable of the unit.

## CAUTION

Electrostatic discharge can affect electronic components. Take precautions to prevent electrostatic discharges from personnel or hand tools during the water heater installation and servicing to protect product's electronic control.

## Remote Controller

### • Applicable Model

Noritz Condensing Tankless Gas Water Heater

Remote controller

RC-9018M

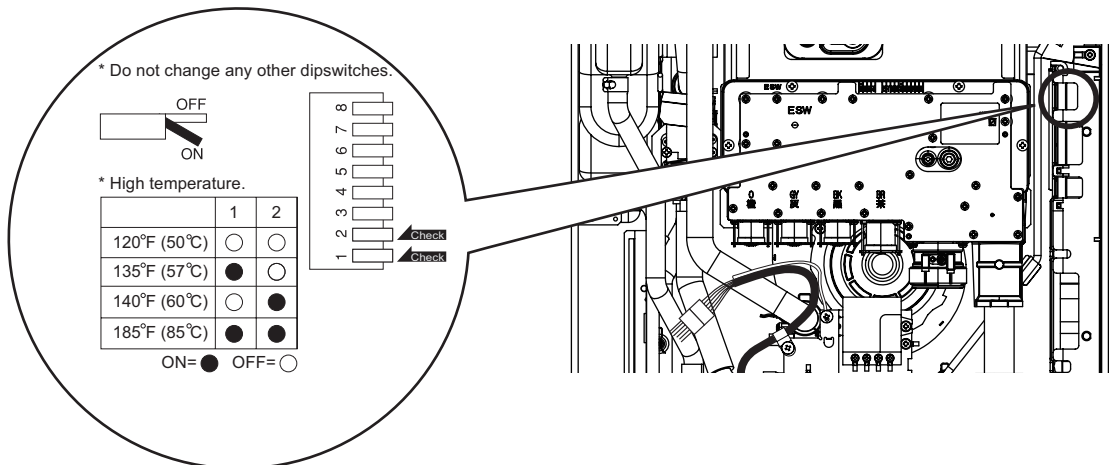
Install the remote controller according to the instructions in the Installation Guide. (p. 45).

\* Only one the remote controller can be connected to the water heater.

A malfunction may occur if two or more remote controllers are connected.

• This unit can be programmed so that it will default to one of four temperatures if the remote controller is removed [185°F (85°C), 140°F (60°C), 135°F (57°C), 120°F (50°C)]. To change the default temperature, adjust the dip switches as described below. The default temperature is 120°F (50°C).

1. Disconnect electrical power to the water heater.
2. Remove the front cover of the water heater (4 screws).
3. Disconnect the remote controller. Adjust the dip switches as illustrated below.
4. Replace the front cover of the water heater (4 screws).
5. Reconnect electrical power to the water heater.



## DANGER

- When changing the temperature, make sure to confirm with the customer that the temperature of the hot water will be very high and that there is a risk of scalding.
- Hot water heater temperatures over 125 °F (52 °C) can cause severe burns instantly or death from scalding.

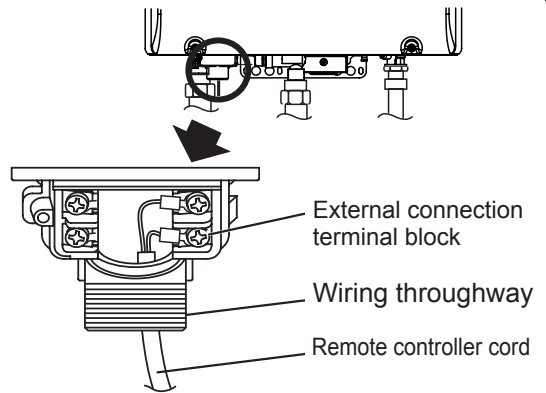
## Connecting Remote Controller Cord to Unit

- Keep the remote controller cord away from the freeze prevention heaters in the unit.
- Tie the redundant cord outside the water heater. Do not put the extra length inside the equipment.
- The remote controller cord can be extended up to 300' (90m) with 18AWG wire.
- Use a Y type terminal with a resin sleeve. (Without the sleeve, the copper wire may corrode and cause problems).
- Be sure to hand tighten when screwing to the terminal block. Power tools may cause damage to the terminal block.

### Remote controller cord

- For extensions, a 26' (8m) cord can be purchased (Part # RC-CORD26) or use 18AWG wire.
- Install according to the National Electrical Code and all applicable local codes.

1. Check to make sure that the remote controller cord has plenty of slack in order to reach the external connection terminal block.
2. Disconnect electrical power to the water heater.
3. Remove the single screw securing the terminal block cover and then remove the cover.
4. Pass the remote controller cord through the wiring throughway and connect the Y terminals at the end of the remote controller cord to the terminal block.
5. Replace the terminal block cover and install the screw previously removed in step 3.
6. Reconnect electrical power to the water heater.



## ■ Changing Other Features

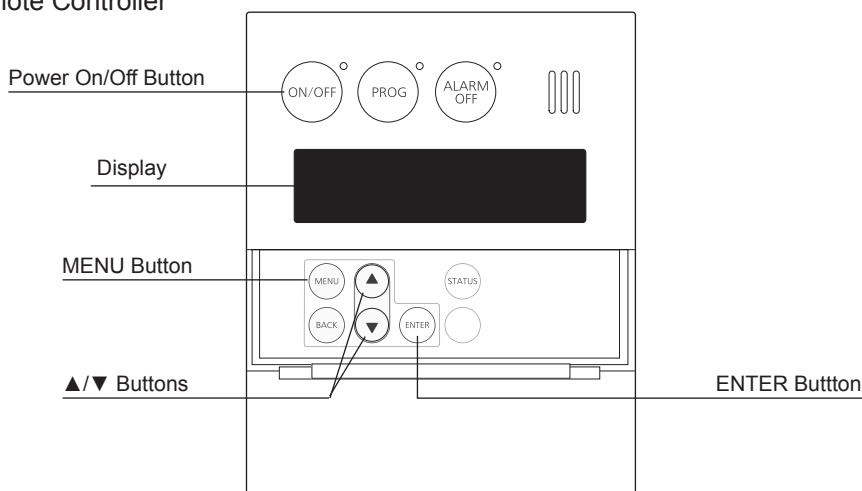
### Adjusting the Temperature / Water Quantity Display

Note: The setting must be done within the first 10 minutes of connecting electrical power to the water heater.

Table of Setting Items

Item	Choices (factory defaults shaded)	
Celsius/Fahrenheit display mode.	°F (Fahrenheit) / gal	°C (Celsius) / L

## ■ Remote Controller



## ■ Setting Procedure

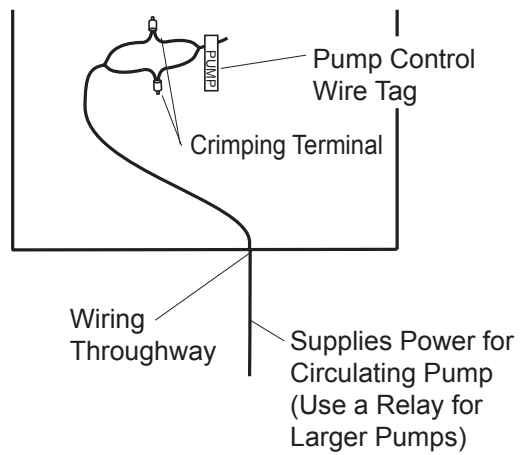
1. Turn the water heater off by pressing the Power On/Off Button on the remote controller.
2. Disconnect, then reconnect electrical power to the water heater.
3. Press the MENU Button inside the cover, select "Initial settings" using the ▲/▼ Buttons.
4. Press the ENTER button, the "Initial settings" screen appears on the display.
5. Select "[°F / gal] ↔ [°C / L]" using the ▲/▼ Buttons.
6. Press the ENTER Button and select either [°F / gal] or [°C / L] using the ▲/▼ Buttons.
7. Press the ENTER Button, "Set complete Please wait..." appears on the display for 5seconds and then the "Initial settings" screen appears on the display.
8. To confirm the setting, turn the water heater on by pressing the Power On/Off Button on the remote controller.

## Pump Wiring

\* This feature is not available when using the Quick Connect Multi System feature.

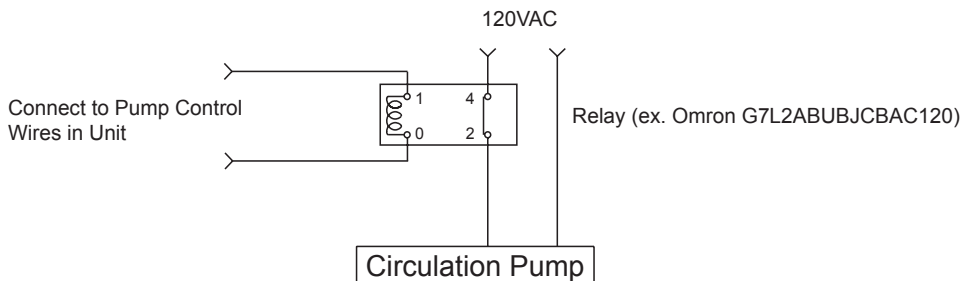
### Connecting the pump control wire

1. Leave enough slack so that the pump control wires will stay connected if the unit is removed from the wall.
2. Remove the front cover of the heater (4 screws).
3. Cut off the connector at the end of the pump control wires.
4. Wire the pump control wires through the wiring throughway and connect them to the wiring inside the pump (this will be the power supply for the pump, do not also connect 120VAC to the pump).  
If a large pump is being used (greater than 85W) use the voltage from these wires as the signal to close a normally open relay through which 120VAC will be supplied directly from a wall circuit to the pump.
5. Replace the front cover.



### Relay connection with larger pumps (>85 W)

1. Locate and prepare the pump control wires as described above.
2. Choose a suitable installation location for the relay where it will be protected from moisture.
3. Connect the pump control wires from the heater to the signal input on the relay.
4. Cut one of the electrical supply leads and wire it across the open terminals of the relay.
5. Secure all connections and replace the front cover of the heater.





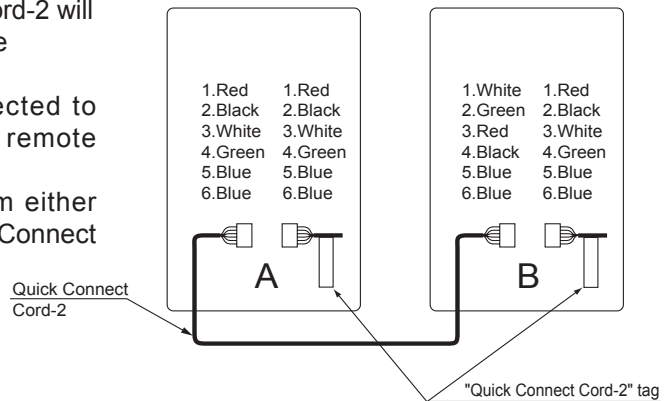
## Connecting Quick Connect Cord-2

For Quick Connect Multi System Installation  
use part #QC-2 only. (sold separately).

### Caution

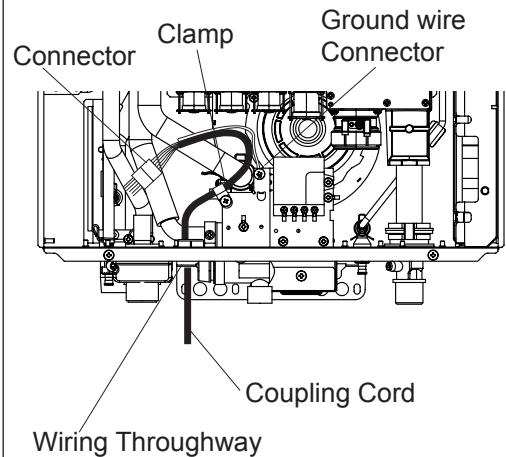
The wire coloring on the Quick Connect Cord-2 will not be the same as the wire coloring of the connection plug inside the unit.

- \* The remote controller can be connected to either unit A or B. Do not connect a remote controller to both units.
- \* Disconnect the remote controller from either unit A or B prior to installing the Quick Connect Cord.



### Connecting the Quick Connect Cord to the two units.

1. Turn off the power.
2. Remove the front cover of the heater (4 screws).
3. Pass the Quick Connect Cord through the wiring throughway and into the unit.
4. Plug the connector on the Quick Connect Cord to the receptacle inside the unit.
5. Attach the ground wire of the Quick Connect Cord to the terminal block fixing plate. (If the ground wire is not attached, electrical noise may cause problems).
6. Secure the Quick Connect Cord with a clamp.
7. Replace the front cover.



# 14. Maintenance

Periodically check the following to ensure proper operation of the water heater.

- The venting system must be examined periodically by a qualified service technician to check for any leaks or corrosion.
- The burner flame must be checked periodically for a proper blue color and consistency.
- If the flame does not appear normal, the burner may need to be cleaned.
- If the burner needs to be cleaned, it must be performed by a qualified service technician.
- Do not obstruct the flow of combustion and ventilation air.
- The pressure relief valve must be operated once a year to ensure that it is functioning properly and there is no obstruction. Turn the power off to the unit before opening the relief valve, and make sure that water draining out of the valve will not cause any damage.
- If the relief valve discharges periodically, it may be due to thermal expansion in a closed water system. Contact the water supplier or a local plumbing inspector on how to correct this situation. Do not plug the relief valve.
- See Operation Manual for further maintenance.

**Warning:** There is a scald potential if the output temperature is set too high.

Should overheating occur, or the gas supply fail to shut off, turn off the manual gas control valve to the appliance.

Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.

Periodically check and clean the filter inside the cold water inlet of the unit.

# 15. Trial Operation

The installer should test operate the unit, explain to the customer how to use the unit, and give the owner this manual before leaving the installation.

- Preparation ..... (1) Open a hot water fixture to confirm that water is available, and then close the fixture.
  - (2) Open the gas supply valve.
  - (3) Turn on the power supply. Using the remote controller, turn on the Power On/Off button (the Operation lamp will turn on).

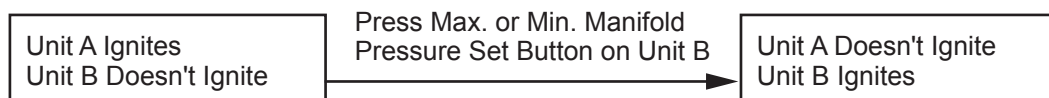
- (1) Open a hot water fixture and confirm that the Burner On lamp comes on, and that hot water is being produced. (If necessary, repeat until the air in the gas piping is bled out).
  - \* White smoke may be noticed from the exhaust vent during cold weather. However, this is not a malfunction of the unit.
  - \* If an "11" error code appears on the remote controller, turn the unit off and then back on again, and then open a hot water fixture again.
- (2) Change the temperature setting on the remote controller and check that the water temperature changes.

- If the water heater does not operate normally, refer to "Troubleshooting" in the Operation Manual.
- \* After the trial operation, clean the filter in the cold water inlet.

<If installed with a quick connect multi-system>

- Turn the system power ON with the remote controller.
- Slowly open a hot water fixture and check that the units ignite sequentially. Check to see that the hot water temperature is the same as the temperature displayed on the remote controller (\*1)

\* If both units do not ignite, switch which unit will ignite first by pressing the Max. or Min. Manifold Pressure Set Button on the circuit board. (\*2)



\* If an 11 or F11 error code flashes on the remote controller, hit the Power Button on the remote controller off and on 2 -3 times.

\* If (\*1) and (\*2) cannot be done, the Quick Connect Cord may not be properly connected. Check that the cord is properly connected.



## CAUTION

### Handling after trial operation

- If the unit will not be used immediately, close off all gas and water shutoff valves, drain all of the water out of the unit and the plumbing system to prevent the unit and system from freezing, and bleed the gas out of the gas line.

Freezing is not covered by the warranty.



## WARNING

A fire or explosion may result if these instructions are not followed, which may cause loss of life, personal injury or property damage.

### Lighting Instructions

This water heater does not have a pilot. It is equipped with an ignition device that automatically lights the burner.

Do not try to light the burner by hand.

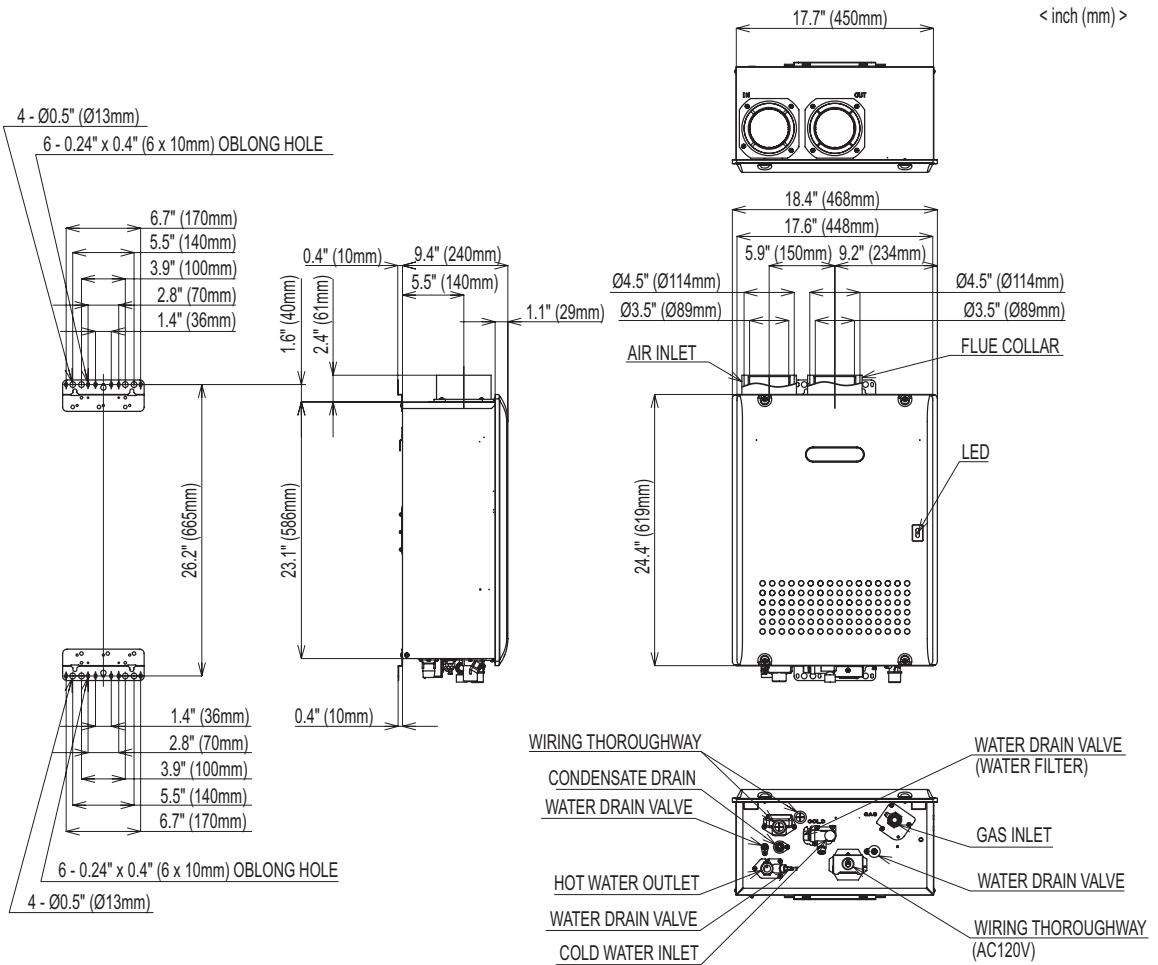
1. Read the safety information in the installation manual or on the front of the water heater.
2. Turn off all electrical power to the unit.
3. Do not attempt to light the burner by hand.
4. Turn the gas control manual valve (external to the unit) clockwise to the off position.
5. Wait five minutes to clear out any gas. If the smell of gas remains, stop, and follow the instructions on page 3 of Owner's Guide.
6. Turn the gas control manual valve counterclockwise to the on position.
7. Turn on electric power to the unit.
8. The unit will now operate whenever hot water is called for. If the unit will not operate, follow the shutdown instructions and call a service technician.

### Shutdown Instructions

1. Stop any water demand.
2. Turn off electric power.
3. Turn the gas control manual valve clockwise to the off position.

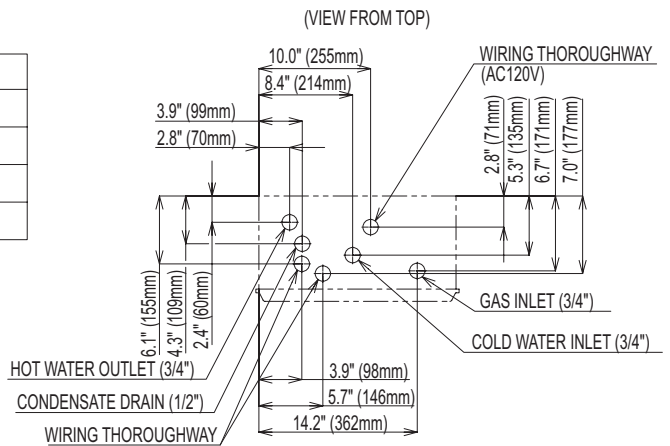
Should overheating occur, or the gas supply fail to shut off, turn off the manual control valve to the appliance.

# 16. Dimensions



HEIGHT OF EACH FITTING FROM BOTTOM OF CASE

	NCC1991-DV
CONDENSATE DRAIN	0.8" (20mm)
HOT WATER OUTLET	1.7" (44mm)
COLD WATER INLET	2.2" (55mm)
GAS INLET	2.2" (56mm)



# 17. Multi-System

Install one system controller (SC-301-6M) for every six units.

Dipswitch Settings (for remote controllers RC-7647M or RC-7650M when used with system controller SC-201-6M)

Note: When this water heater is used with remote controllers RC-7646M-2, RC-7649M, or RC-9018M, it is not necessary to follow this procedure.

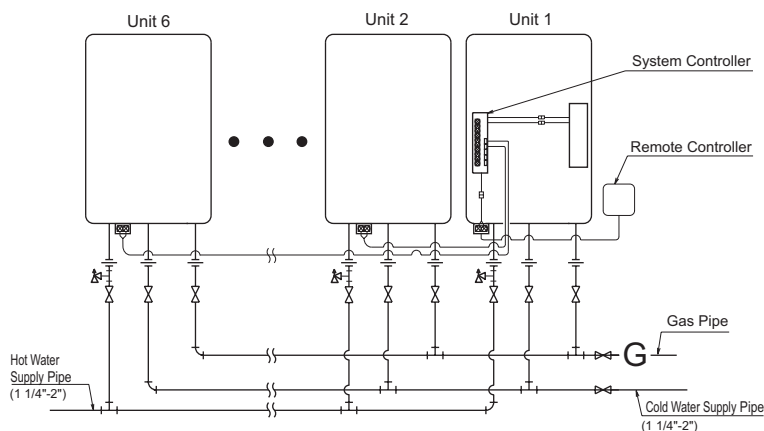
When using the remote controller RC-7647M or RC-7650M (°C temperature display), a dipswitch change will be necessary on all water heaters connected to the system controller. Refer to the below instructions to make the adjustment. A remote controller will need to be connected to the water heater being adjusted.

- (1) Turn the water heater off by pressing the Power On/Off Button on the remote controller.
- (2) Disconnect electrical power to the water heater, then reconnect electrical power to the water heater and wait 10 seconds before proceeding to step 3.
- (3) Within the first ten minutes of connecting electrical power, before turning on the Power On/Off Button, press the [▲] or [▼] button on the remote controller and hold until the display blinks "99". If "99" does not blink on the remote controller, unplug the water heater and try again.
- (4) Use the [▲] or [▼] button on the remote controller to scroll to the appropriate dipswitch number as indicated below.
- (5) Press the "FLOW METER ALARM SET" button for 0.5 sec to change the setting ON/OFF:  
ON: "priority" lamp flashes.  
OFF: "priority" lamp goes off.
- (6) Change "2F" from OFF to ON.  
\* Do not adjust any other dipswitches!
- (7) When the dipswitch has been set correctly, confirm the setting by pressing and holding both the [▲] and [▼] buttons on the remote controller until the controller emits a beeping noise. The new setting will be lost if this is not done.
- (8) Repeat this entire procedure for every unit that will be connected to the system controller.

\* When using RC-9018M to change DIP switch, Step 5 - 7 procedures are as follows.

- (5) Press the ENTER button, "Item number" stops blinking and "Data state (OFF or ON)" will start blink. Use the [▲] or [▼] button on the remote controller to change OFF ↔ ON.
- (6) Change "2F" from OFF to ON.  
\* Do not adjust any other dipswitches!
- (7) When the dipswitch has been set correctly, press the ENTER button, "Data state (ON)" stops blinking and "Item number" will start blink. Confirm the setting by pressing and holding both the [▲] and [▼] buttons on the remote controller until the controller emits a beeping noise. The new setting will be lost if this is not done.

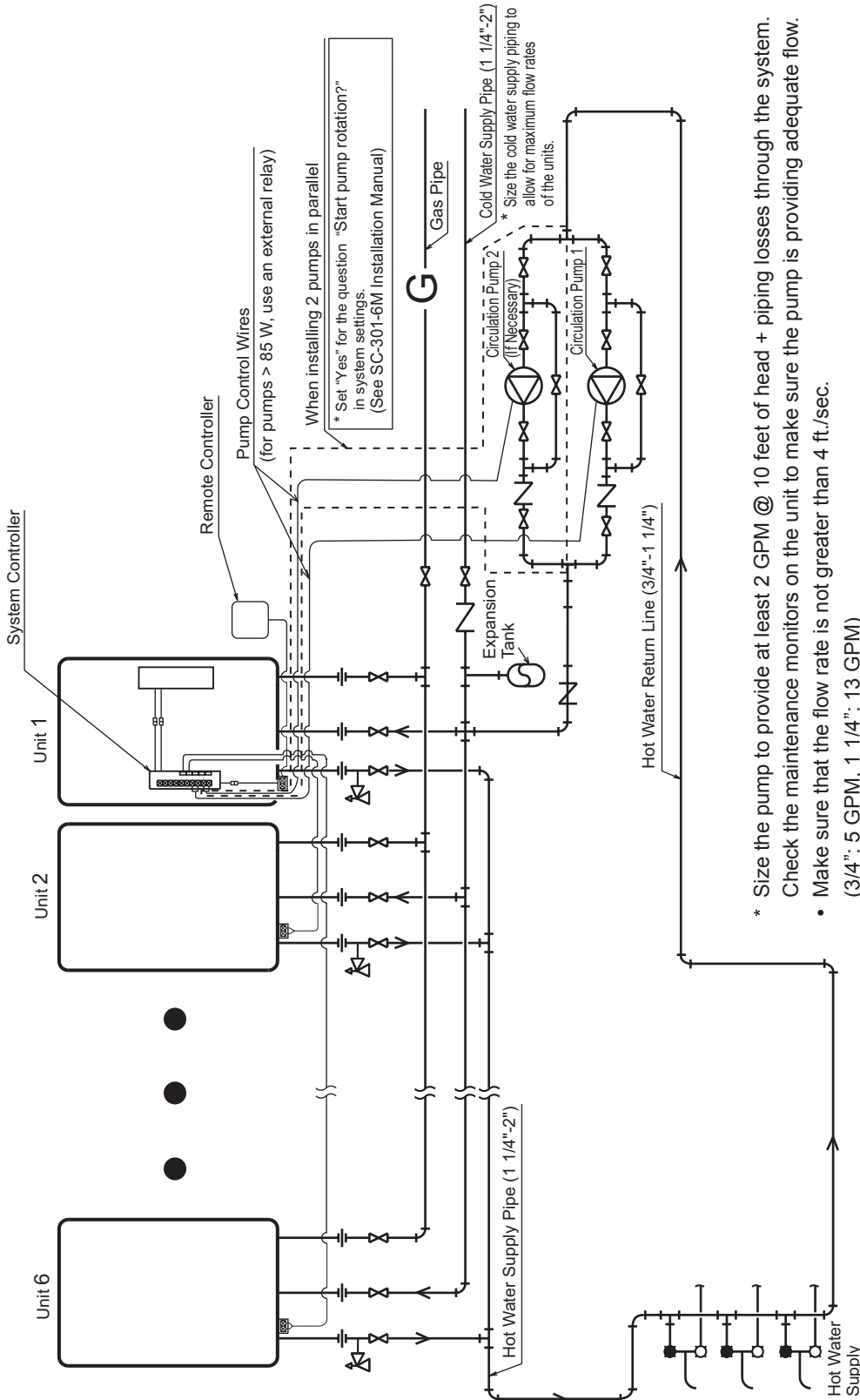
## A. Installation without a recirculation system (Standard System)



- Insulate or apply heating materials to both the cold water supply piping and the hot water supply piping to prevent freezing during cold weather and to prevent heat loss through the piping.

### B-1. Example of Recirculation with a Multi-System (Recirculation system)

This system will make hot water more quickly available to remote fixtures. The pump will circulate water through the loop until the entire loop is warm, and then the system controller will turn off the pump until the loop cools down.

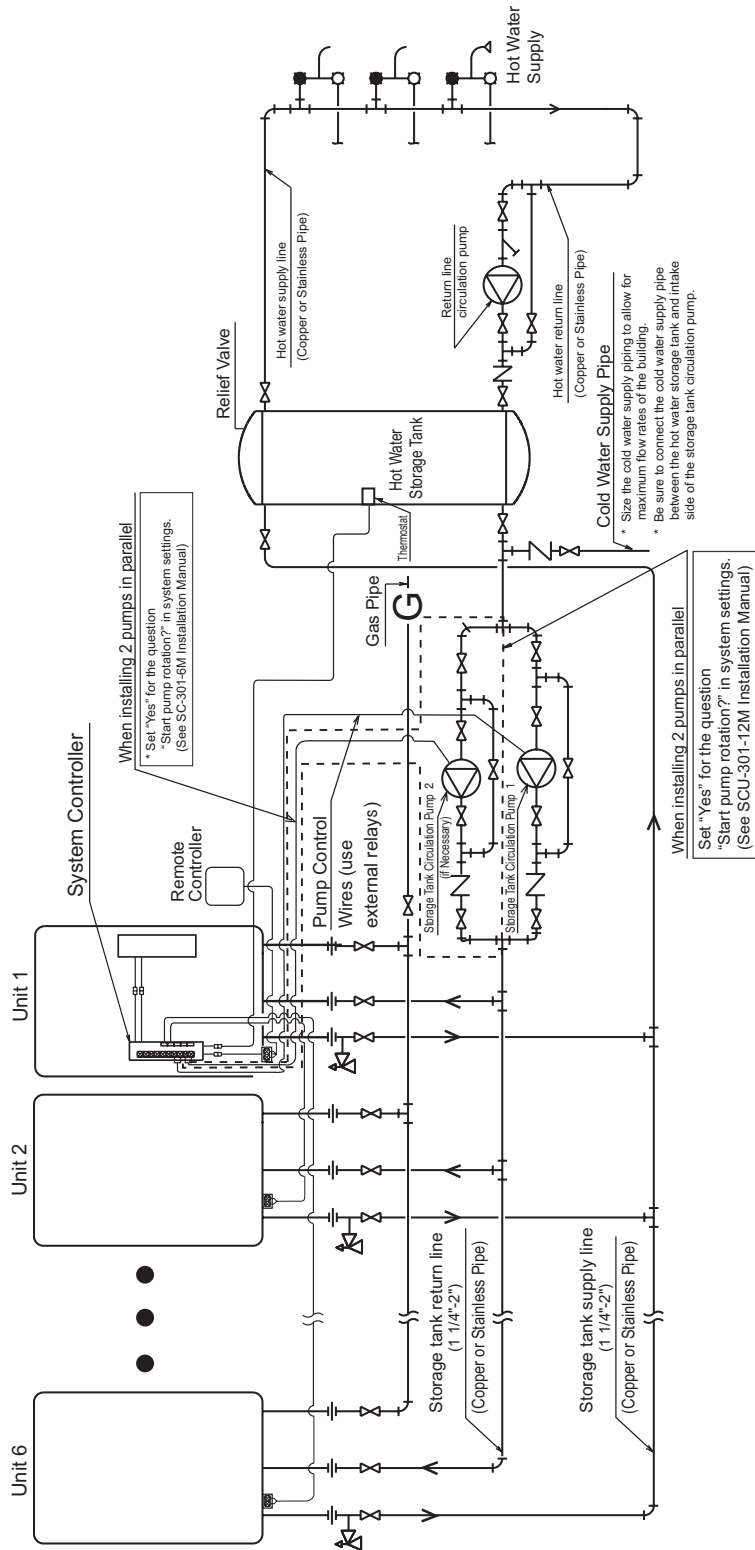


- \* Size the pump to provide at least 2 GPM @ 10 feet of head + piping losses through the system. Check the maintenance monitors on the unit to make sure the pump is providing adequate flow.
- Make sure that the flow rate is not greater than 4 ft./sec. (3/4": 5 GPM, 1 1/4": 13 GPM)
- if the flow is too low, the recirculation loop temperature will not be warm enough, if the flow is too high, the lifetime of the unit will be reduced.
- \* If there are multiple circulation loops, try to make the flow rate .75-1.25 GPM in each loop.
- \* Use copper or stainless water piping for the entire system.

## B-2. Example of Installation with a Storage Tank and Recirculation System (Tank recirculation system)

The pump will push water through the Multi-System to heat up the tank.

When the temperature of the thermostat is high, the system controller will turn off the pump until the the temperature cools down.



\* For the set temperature of the remote controller, use the temperature (of the thermostat) + about 10°F.

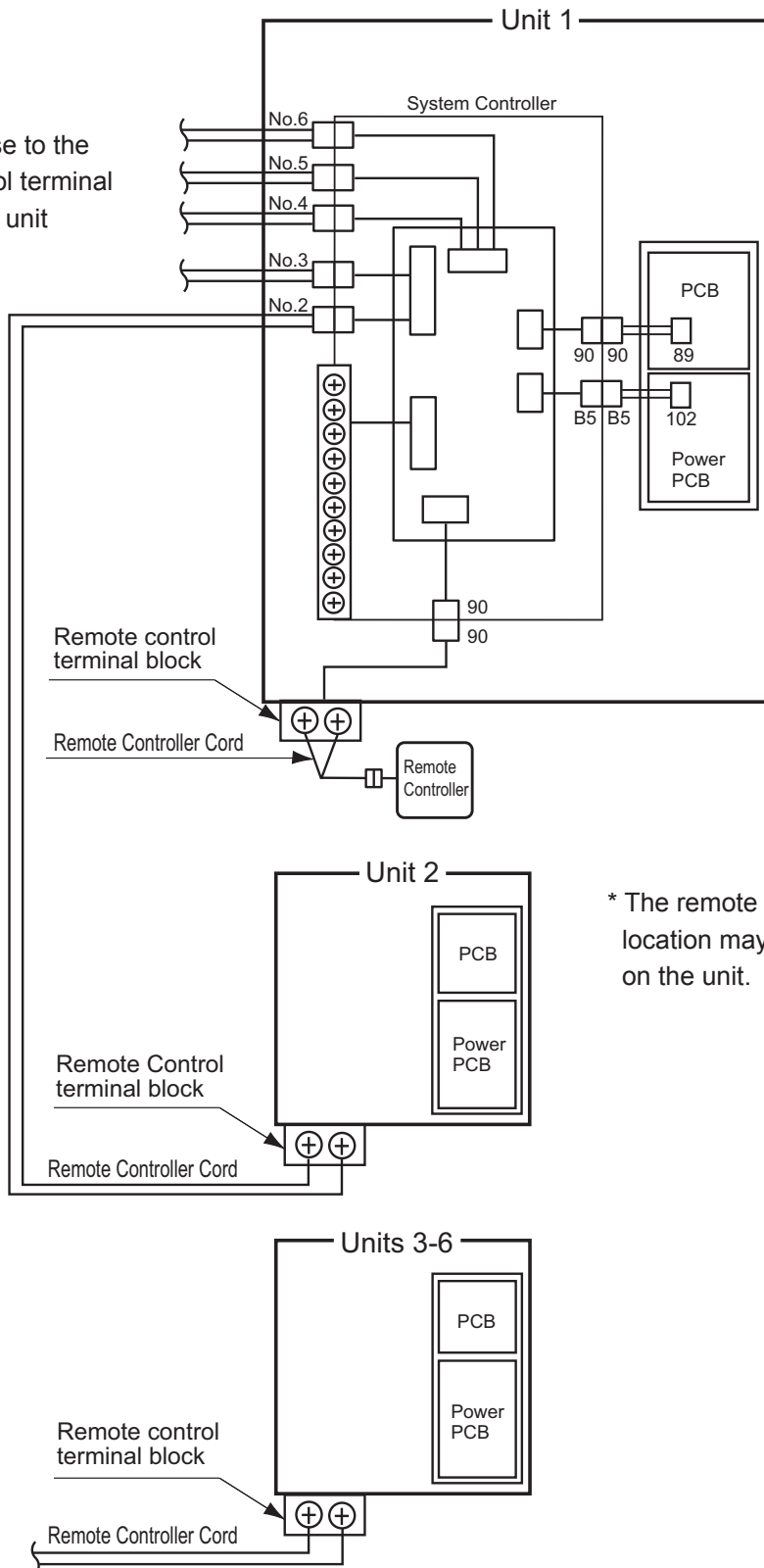
\* To achieve the highest recovery, size the storage tank circulation pump for maximum capacity.

(9 GPM (each) @ 40 ft. of head (160°F setting or less) + piping losses through the system.)

Verify the supply pressure to the units is at least 30 PSI.

# Multi-System Wiring (Use SC-301-6M)

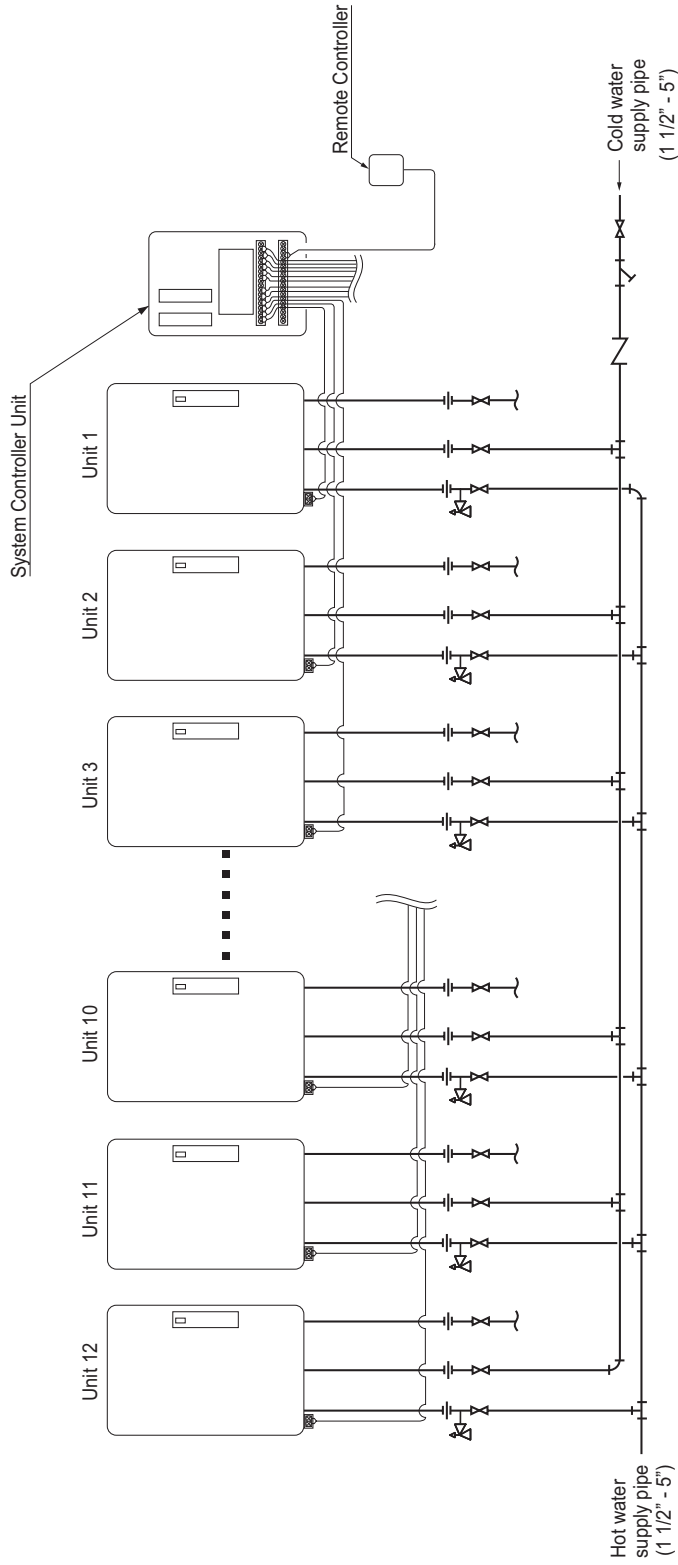
\* Connect these to the remote control terminal block in each unit



\* The remote controller terminal location may differ depending on the unit.



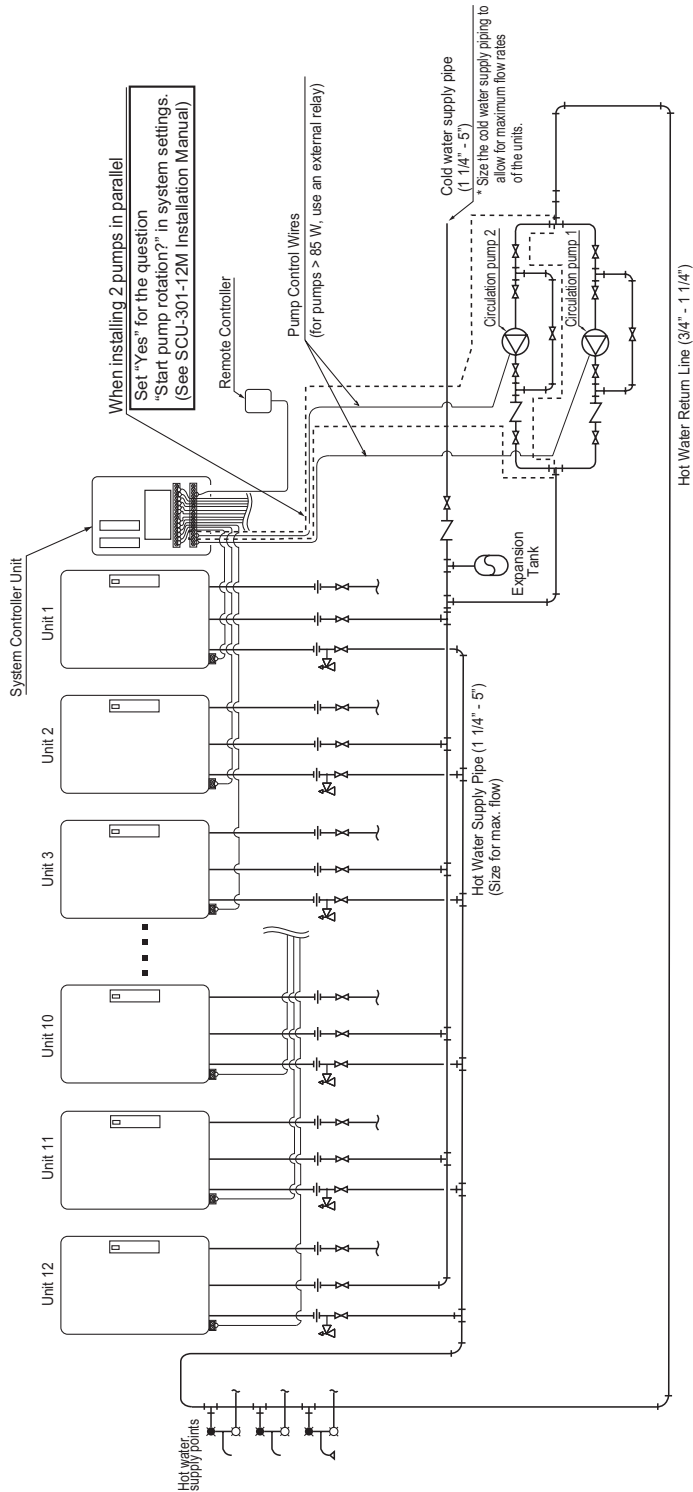
A. Installation without a recirculation system (Using external system controller)  
(Standard System)



- Insulate or apply heating materials to both the cold water supply piping and the hot water supply piping to prevent freezing during cold weather and to prevent heat loss through the piping.

## B-1. Example of Recirculation with a Multi-System (Using external system controller) (Recirculation system)

This system will make hot water more quickly available to remote fixtures.  
The pump will circulate water through the loop until the entire loop is warm, and then the system controller will turn off the pump until the loop cools down.



\* Size the pump to provide at least 2 GPM @ 10 feet of head + piping losses through the system.

Check the maintenance monitors on the unit to make sure the pump is providing adequate flow.

- Make sure that the flow rate is not greater than 4 ft./sec.

(3/4": 5 GPM, 1 1/4": 13 GPM)

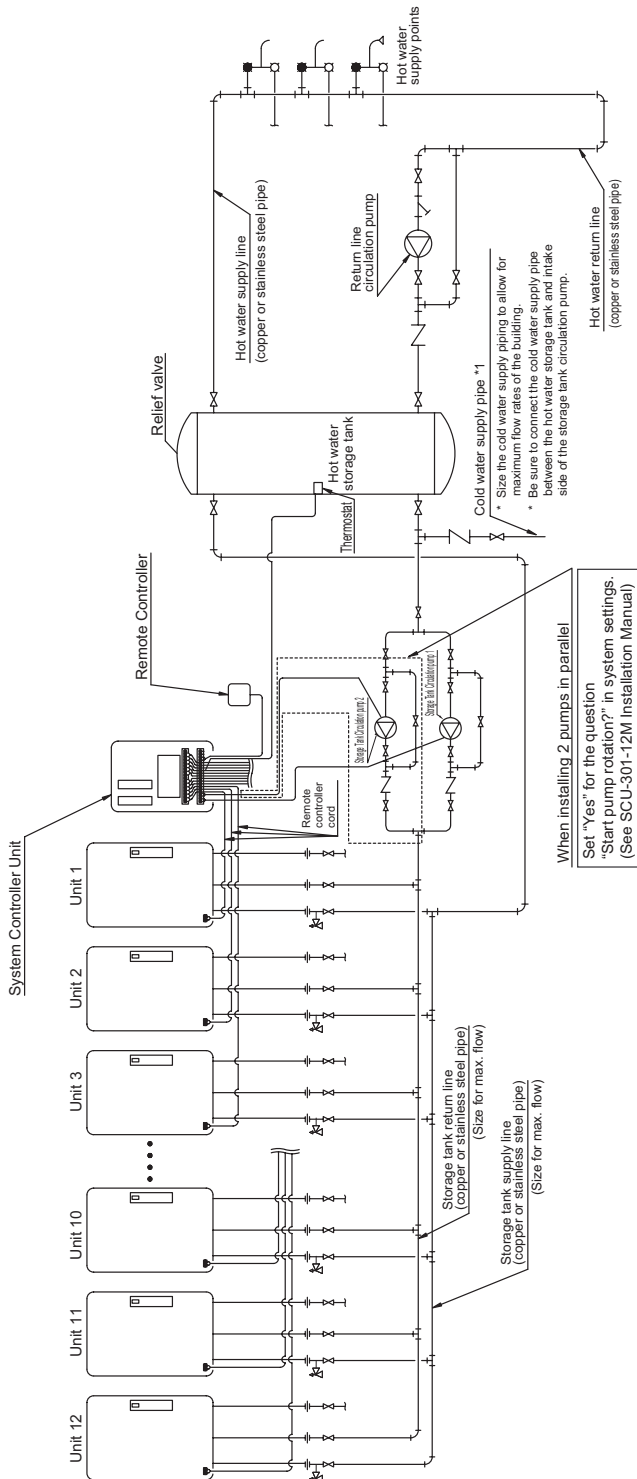
If the flow is too low, the recirculation loop temperature will not be warm enough, if the flow is too high, the lifetime of the unit will be reduced.

\* If there are multiple circulation loops, try to make the flow rate .75-1.25 GPM in each loop.

\* Use copper or stainless water piping for the entire system.

B-2. Example of Installation with a Storage Tank and Recirculation System (Using external system controller)  
(Tank recirculation system)

The pump will push water through the Multi-System to heat up the tank.  
When the temperature of the thermostat is high, the system controller will turn off the pump until the the temperature cools down.



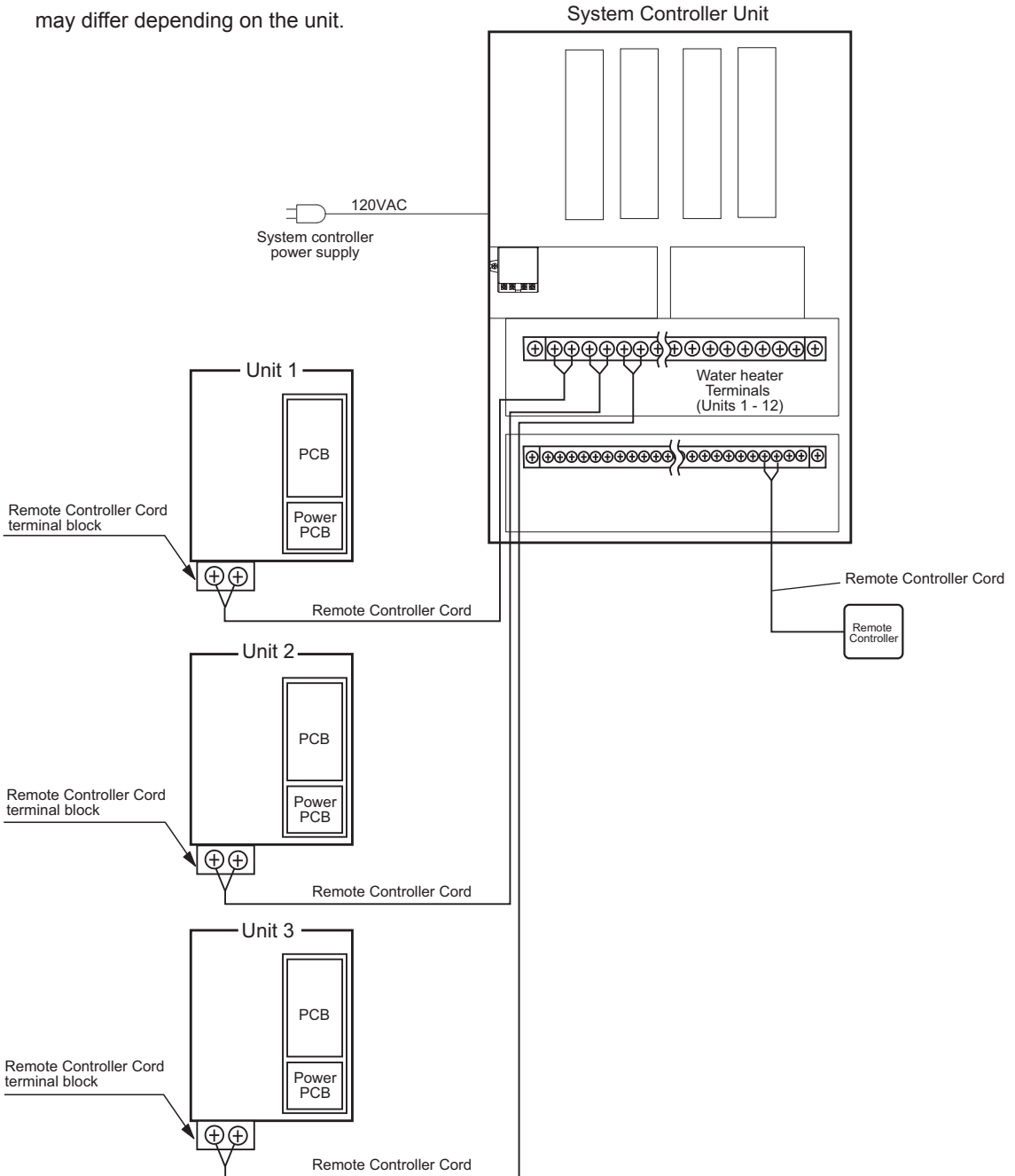
- \* For the set temperature of the remote controller, use the temperature (of the thermostat) + about 10°F.
- \* To achieve the highest recovery, size the storage tank circulation pump for maximum capacity. (9 GPM (each) @ 40 ft. of head (160°F setting or less) + piping losses through the system.) Verify the supply pressure to the units is at least 30 PSI.

# Multi-System Wiring (Use SCU-301-12M)

## CAUTION

- The below diagram shows the connection of 3 units to the system controller. When connecting 4 or more units, follow the same procedure.
- Connect the water heaters to the system controller following the detailed wiring instructions included with the system controller.
- Always connect a remote controller to the system controller. Do not connect the included remote controllers to the individual water heaters. These remote controllers will not be used.

\* The remote controller terminal location may differ depending on the unit.



Remote Controller  
RC-9018M

## Requests to Installers

- In order to use the water heater safely, read this installation guide carefully, and follow the installation instructions.
- Failures and damage caused by erroneous work or work not as instructed in this manual are not covered by the warranty.
- Refer to the Installation Manual provided with the water heater for complete installation details.

# Installation Guide

NORITZ AMERICA CORPORATION

In order to use this product safely, read this installation manual carefully and follow the installation instructions.

- Potential dangers from accidents during installation and use are described below. Closely observe these warnings, they are critical to your safety.



## CAUTION

CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.



## CAUTION

The remote controller is not water resistant. Keep it dry.



## CAUTION

- Do not connect power to the system unit until the remote controller installation is complete.
- Be sure to fasten the mounting screws tightly by hand so that the remote controller will be secure.
  - \* Do not use electric drivers, impact drivers and so forth. Tightening with excessive force may cause the mounting bracket to be damaged and lead to failures.
- Install the remote controller on an even wall surface.
  - \* Installing it on an uneven wall surface may cause the bracket to be damaged and lead to failures.
- This remote controller has a built-in speaker which can be damaged by metal shavings resulting in sound cracking.  
Keep the remote controller in a safe location prior to mounting it on the wall to prevent metal shavings from entering the remote controller.

## Note

- Cutting too large of a hole on the wall may result in failure to properly secure the remote controller.
- Never fasten or loosen unnecessary screws in order to complete the remote controller installation.
- Be sure to check the positions of wall studs or other obstructions when determining the installation location for the remote controller.
- Secure the remote controller cable with appropriate anchors, ties, etc.
- Wire the remote controller cable in an area where it will not be directly affected by heat.
- To embed the remote controller cable in concrete, brick, etc., enclose it in conduit in order to prevent the remote controller cable from becoming damaged.
- When penetrating a wall containing metal lath, prevent the lath from coming into contact with any metallic conduit used in order to prevent electrical interference.
- Wiring shall be provided so that the remote controller cable length is 300 ft (90m) or shorter.
- Connect the remote controller cable to the terminal block of the water heater (see Installation Manual provided with the water heater).

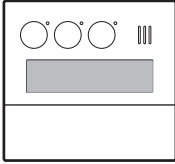
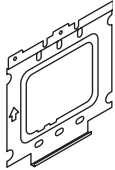
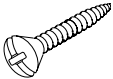

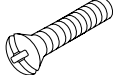

## Post-installation Checks

- (1) Check if the remote controller is installed securely.
  - (2) Verify remote controller operation (see Owner's Guide).
- \* Press the Power On/Off button approximately 5 seconds after connecting power to the system.
  - \* Check if the temperature setting on the remote controller is appropriate.

## Explanation to the Customer

Explain the "Important Safety Information", "Operation Procedures" and "Follow-up Service" according to the Owner's Guide supplied with the water heater.

## Included Parts List (The value in ( ) indicates the quantity.)

Remote Controller	Mounting bracket	Raised countersunk head wood screw	Wall anchor	Raised countersunk head screw	Machine screw
(1)	(1)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
				 (For junction box installation)	

### Notes on the Installation Location

- The remote should be installed in an easily accessible location.
- Avoid installing in a place where water or steam can come into contact with the controller.
- Avoid locations where special chemical agents (e.g., benzene, fatty and oily detergents) are used.
- Avoid outdoor installation, or installation in an indoor location where it will be exposed to direct sunlight.

### Connection of Remote Controller Cord

White Connector → To Remote controller

Y-shaped terminals → To Water heater (two-core)

- \* Confirm the connection with the labels at both ends of the remote controller cord.
- A 26' (8m) cord can be purchased separately (Part # RC-CORD26).
- The remote controller cord can be extended up to 300 ft (90m). by splicing the cord and using 18 gauge wire to extend the cord to the appropriate length.

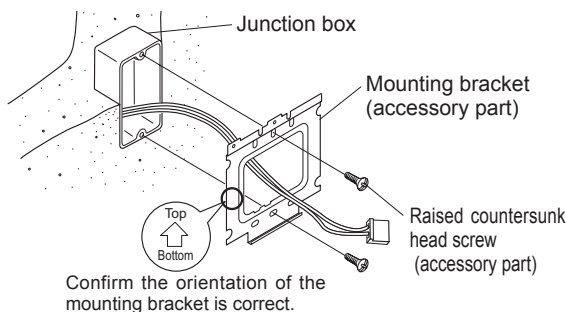
### Installation

1. Attach the mounting bracket to the wall.  
The parts to be used vary depending on the attachment method.

\* Never use electric drivers, impact drivers and so forth.  
Tightening with excessive force may result in deformation of the mounting bracket and/or failures.

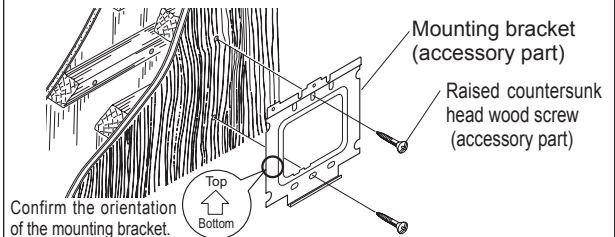
<When attaching to a junction box>

- Use the raised countersunk head screws to attach the mounting bracket to the junction box. (In this case, the wall anchor and raised countersunk head wood screws are not used.)



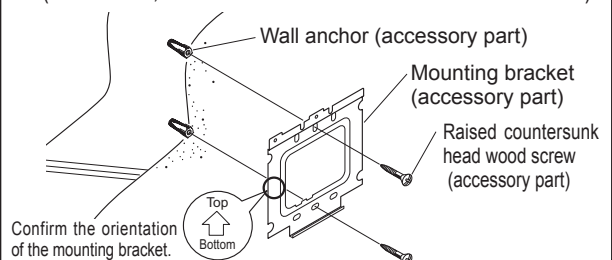
<When attaching to a wood surface>

- Use the raised countersunk head wood screws to attach the mounting bracket. (In this case, the wall anchor and raised countersunk head screws are not used.)

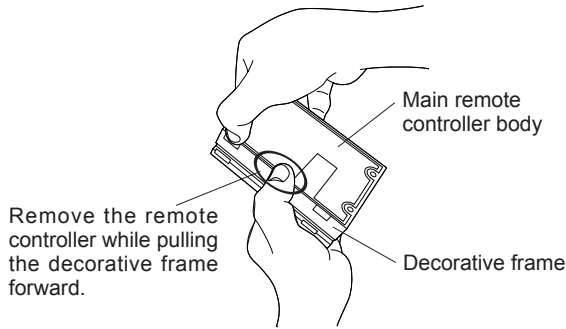


<When attaching to a concrete wall surface>

- Drill a  $\phi 1/4$ " ( $\phi 6$ mm) hole, approx. 1" (25mm) in depth, and hammer in the wall anchor. Attach the mounting bracket using the raised countersunk head wood screws. (In this case, raised countersunk head screws are not used.)

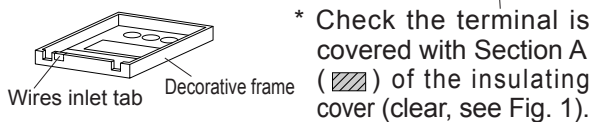
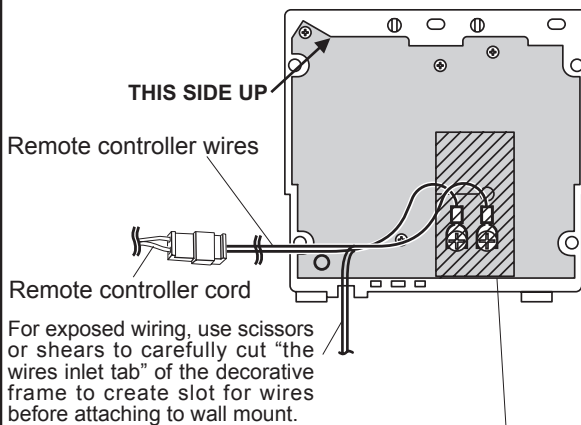


2. Remove the decorative frame from the remote controller. (The remote controller is inserted in the decorative frame.)



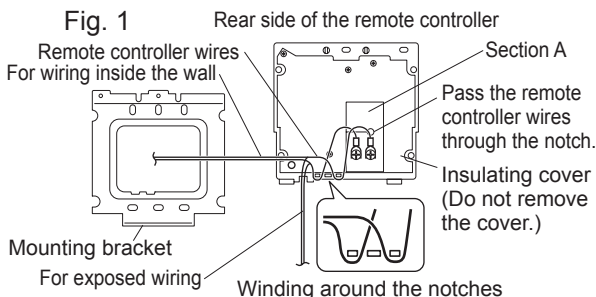
3. Connect the remote controller wires to the cord supplied with the water heater.

- \* Do not remove the remote controller wires from the terminal block, connect these wires to the remote controller cord.
- \* Do not remove the insulating cover (clear).
- \* Some modifications are required on the frame to complete the installation. See note below.



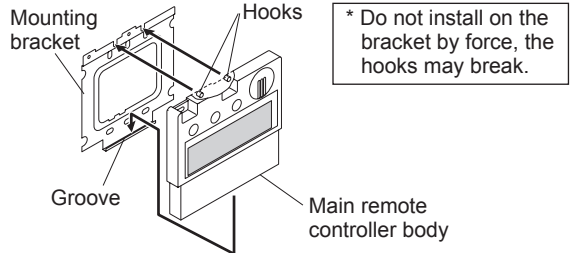
- \* If the Y-shaped terminal is not covered, the exposed section may come into contact with the mounting bracket resulting in improper operation or failure.

4. Secure the remote controller wires by winding them around the notches as shown in Fig. 1.

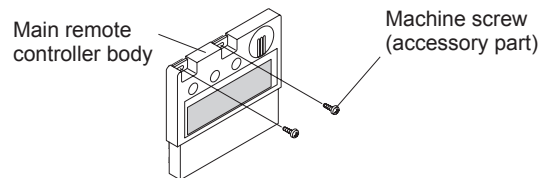


5. Attach the remote controller to the mounting bracket. Insert the bottom of the remote controller into the groove at the bottom of the bracket and push in the 2 hooks on top of the remote controller completely.

- \* If it is difficult to attach, do not try to force it as it may result in broken hooks. Check for proper alignment in the groove or for loose wires obstructing the remote controller.

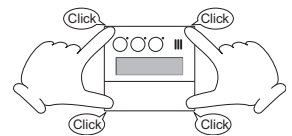


6. Secure the remote using the machine screws.



7. Attach the decorative frame which was removed in the second step. Push the 4 corners of the decorative frame until there is a click.

- \* Incomplete installation may result in failures such as switch operation failure.



Note: To remove the decorative frame after installation of the remote controller and the frame, pull the entire decorative frame forward while pressing the sections indicated (where the fingers are) in the figure below.

- \* If it does not come off, insert a flat head driver into the notch at the bottom of the decorative frame and slightly twist it to remove (due caution is required not to scratch the remote controller, decorative frame or the wall in doing so).

